

**TE WHAKAMINENGA O KĀPITI**

*“He toa taki tini taku toa,*

*E hara i te toa taki tahi”*

*“My strength will only be achieved*

*Because of the efforts of us all.”*

# **APPENDICES MINUTES**

**Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti**

**Tuesday, 18 February 2025**



# Table of Contents

---

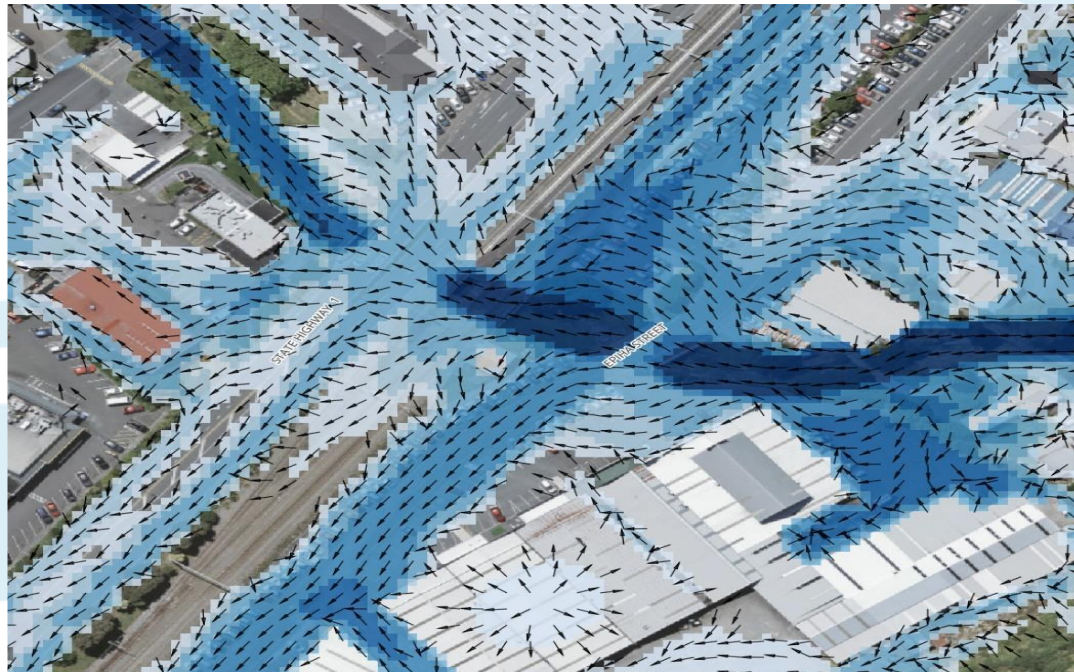
6.2 Progress report on Council's Flood Mapping Update Project

Appendix 1 Progress Report on Council's Flood Mapping Update Project  
Presentation ..... 4

6.3 Local Water Done Well Update

Appendix 1 Local Water Done Well Update Presentation ..... 24

# Flood Hazard Mapping Update



**Kāpiti Coast**  
DISTRICT COUNCIL  
Me Huri Whakamuri, Ka Titiro Whakamua

# Outline

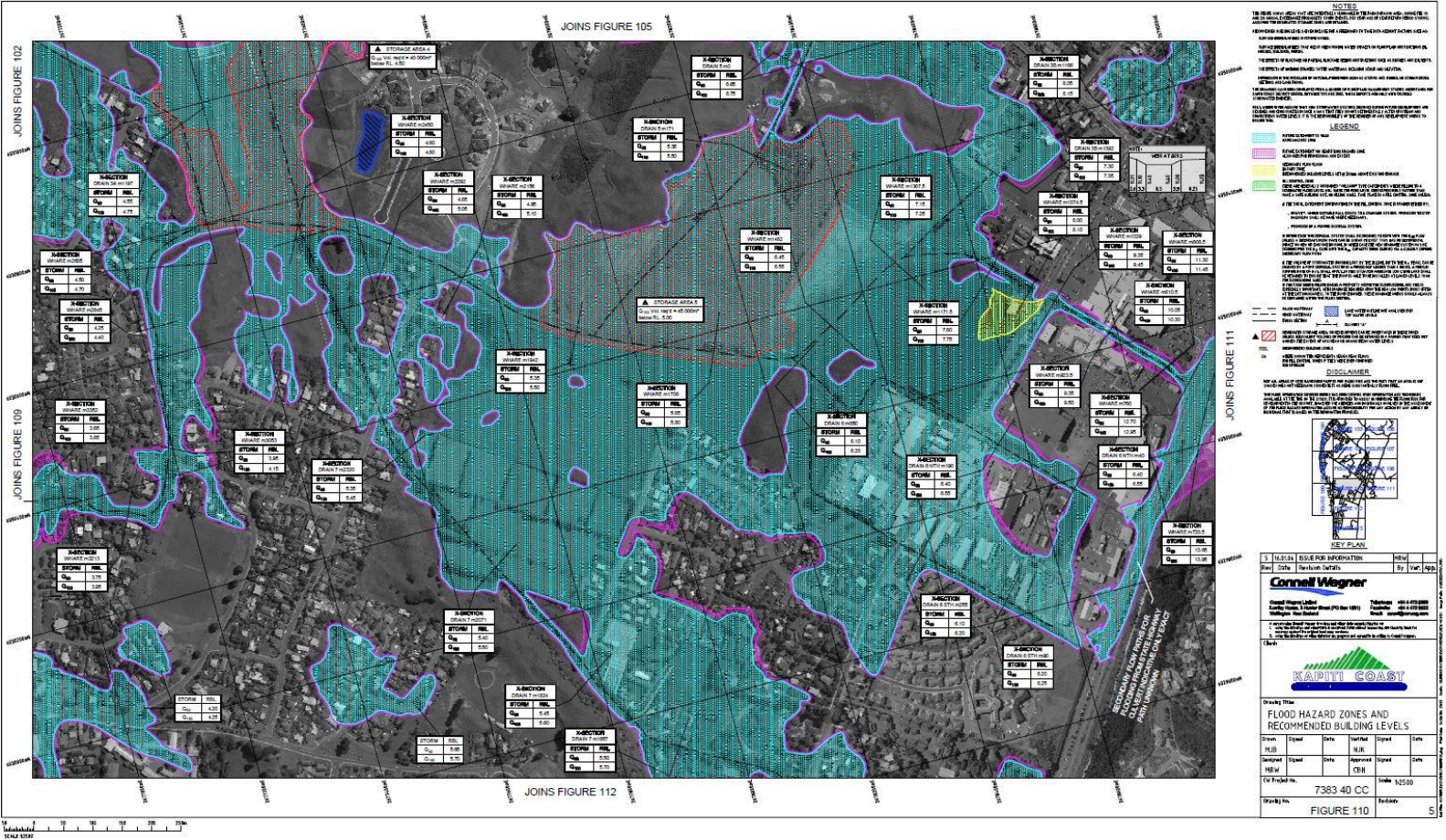
1. History / Background
2. New Model Build
3. Project Overview
4. Engagement Strategy
5. GW Major River Flooding Project

## Flood Model History

- RMA 1992 required Flood Hazards to be identified.
- 1998 flooding in Kapiti led to development of first hydraulic models (MIKE model).
- Incorporated into the District Plan through Plan Change 51.
- Included KCDC and GWRC hazard layers.
- Updated mid 2010s

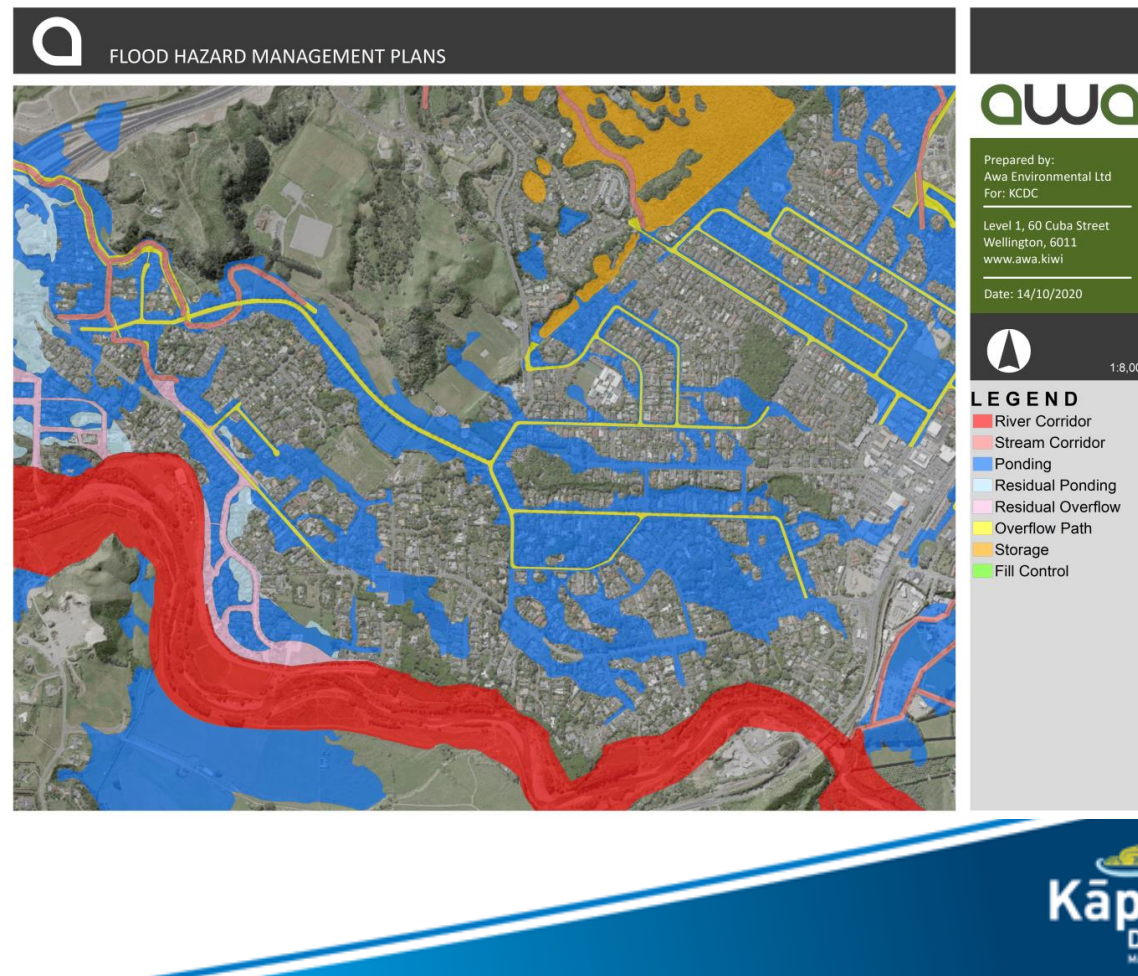








## District Plan Maps





## Background

### **Current Maps:**

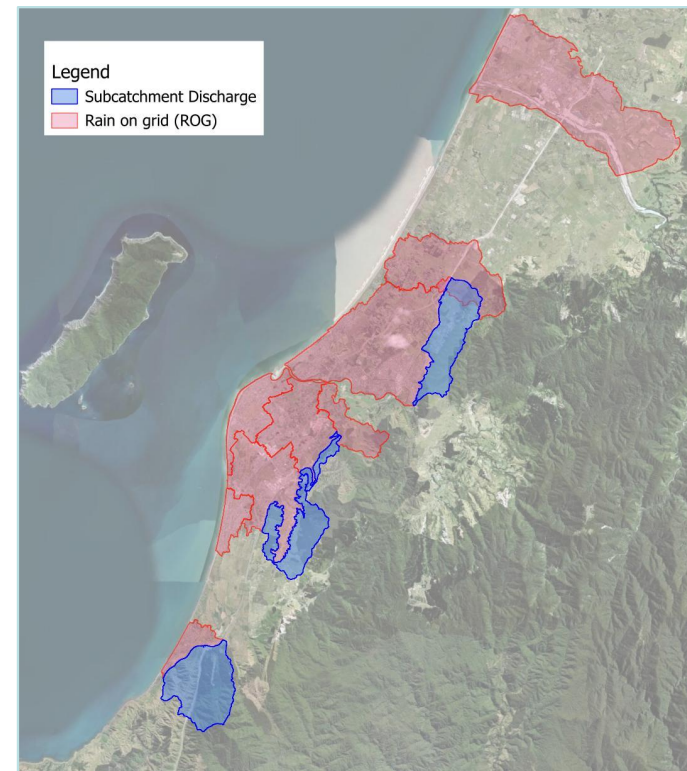
- Based on outdated 2010 LiDAR data and 2007 climate change predictions.
- Do not account for recent developments (expressways, private developments).
- Lack adequate representation of significant groundwater effects.

### **Updated Models:**

- Developed by Awa Environmental using advanced TUFLOW software.
- Incorporates latest climate change projections and groundwater modelling.
- Incorporates new developments and infrastructure
- Provides more accurate predictions for range of flood events.

## New Model Build – Software / Method

- Built on TUFLOW modelling software (rain-on-grid).
- More accurate results.
- Improved model run times.
- Easier to update (e.g. new LiDAR, network upgrades)
- Integrated modules (e.g. water quality for ICM)



## New Model Build – Inputs / Data

- DEM Lidar
- Soils (infiltration rates)
- Landuse
- Hydrology
- Rainfall
- Groundwater
- Climate change
- Stormwater network (as-builts)
- Building footprints

Includes joint probability analysis of combined conditions (rainfall, groundwater, storm-surge)

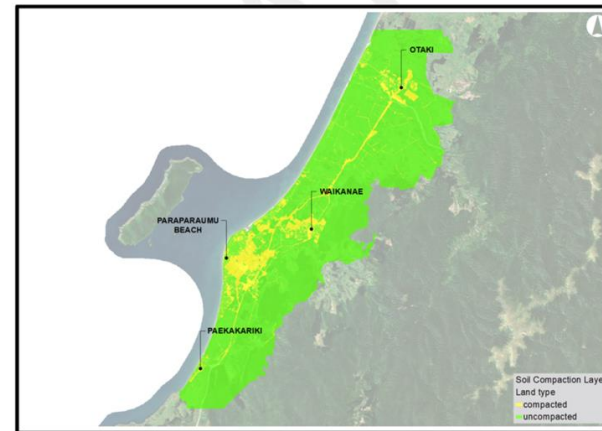


Figure 13. Compacted and uncompacted surfaces.



Figure 10. Lynker built-up area landcover identification.

## Wider Context

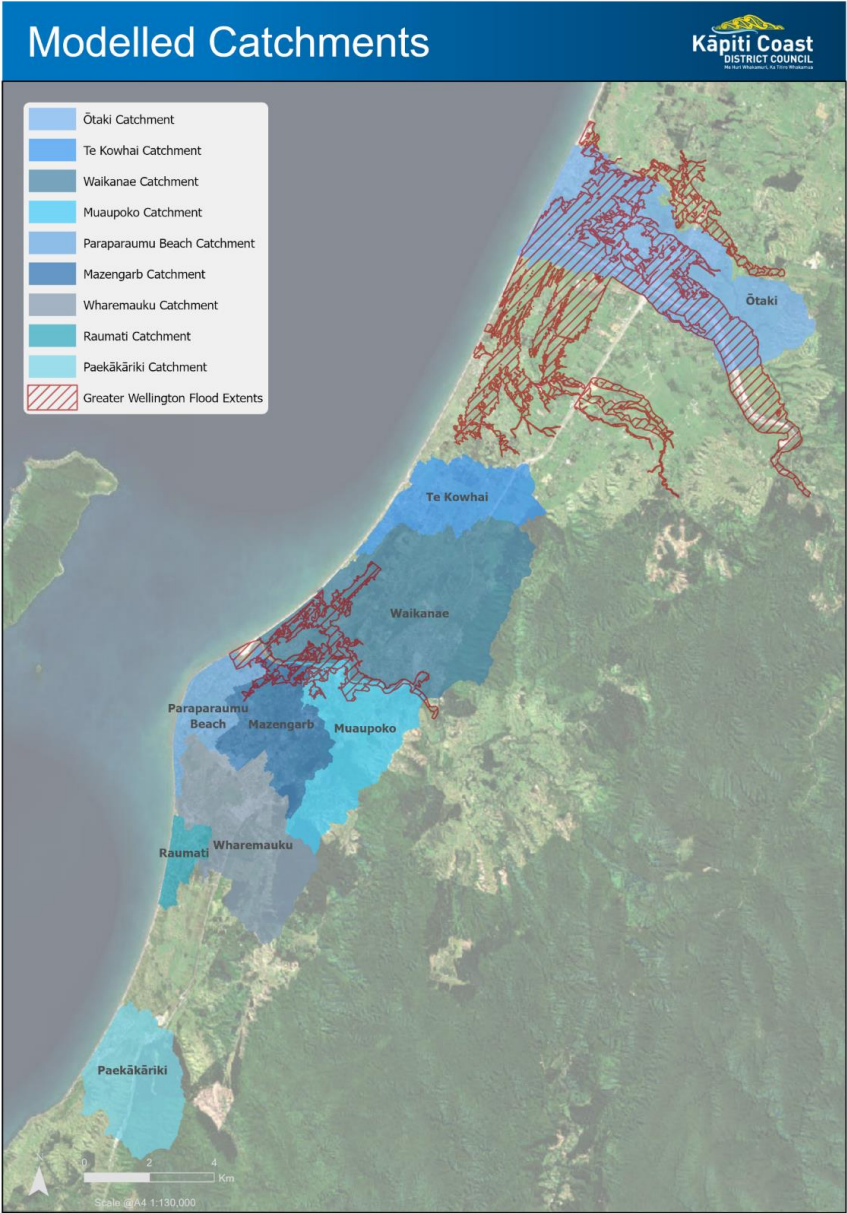
### **Regional Context:**

- Greater Wellington Regional Council (GWRC) revising their flood models for major rivers.
- Potential overlaps with KCDC mapping requiring coordinated communication.

### **National Context:**

- NIWA undertaking Central Government funded national flood hazard mapping project – products due June/July 2025
- Other TAs updating their flood hazard mapping – highlighting issues with insurers.





## Project Overview

**Purpose:** Socialise updated flood hazard models utilising advanced software, updated LiDAR data, groundwater effects and climate change scenarios.

**Outcomes:**

- Improved awareness of current and future flood risks.
- Kāpiti Coast community engaged for feedback and validation of new flood model.
- Key stakeholders engaged including Mana whenua, developers, insurers, other agencies.
- More accurate flood hazard model available to inform flood mitigation, infrastructure planning and policy development.
- Set up third-party access to model for scenario testing and map update process to reflect changes on the ground.

## Project Staging

### **Phase 2: Flood Awareness Campaign – Dec 2024**

- Launch public awareness initiatives.
- Educate on 'living with more water', flood risks and flood preparedness.

### **Phase 3: Community Engagement – Mar/Apr 2025**

- Release draft flood maps for public comment.
- Host consultation events and provide online feedback tools.

### **Phase 4: Feedback and Refinement – May 2025**

- Analyse community feedback.
- Refine models and update maps accordingly.

### **Phase 5: Reporting and Integration – Jun/Jul 2025**

- Report back to Elected Members.
- Update systems and documentation.
- Communicate outcomes to the public.

# Engagement Strategy

## Community Stakeholders

- **Flood Awareness Campaign** (Phase 2 – Dec 2024)
  - Educational materials on flood risks and preparedness – “Living with more water”.
  - Clarify roles of KCDC and GWRC.
  - Update LIMs – online landing page (general)



# Engagement Strategy

## Community Stakeholders

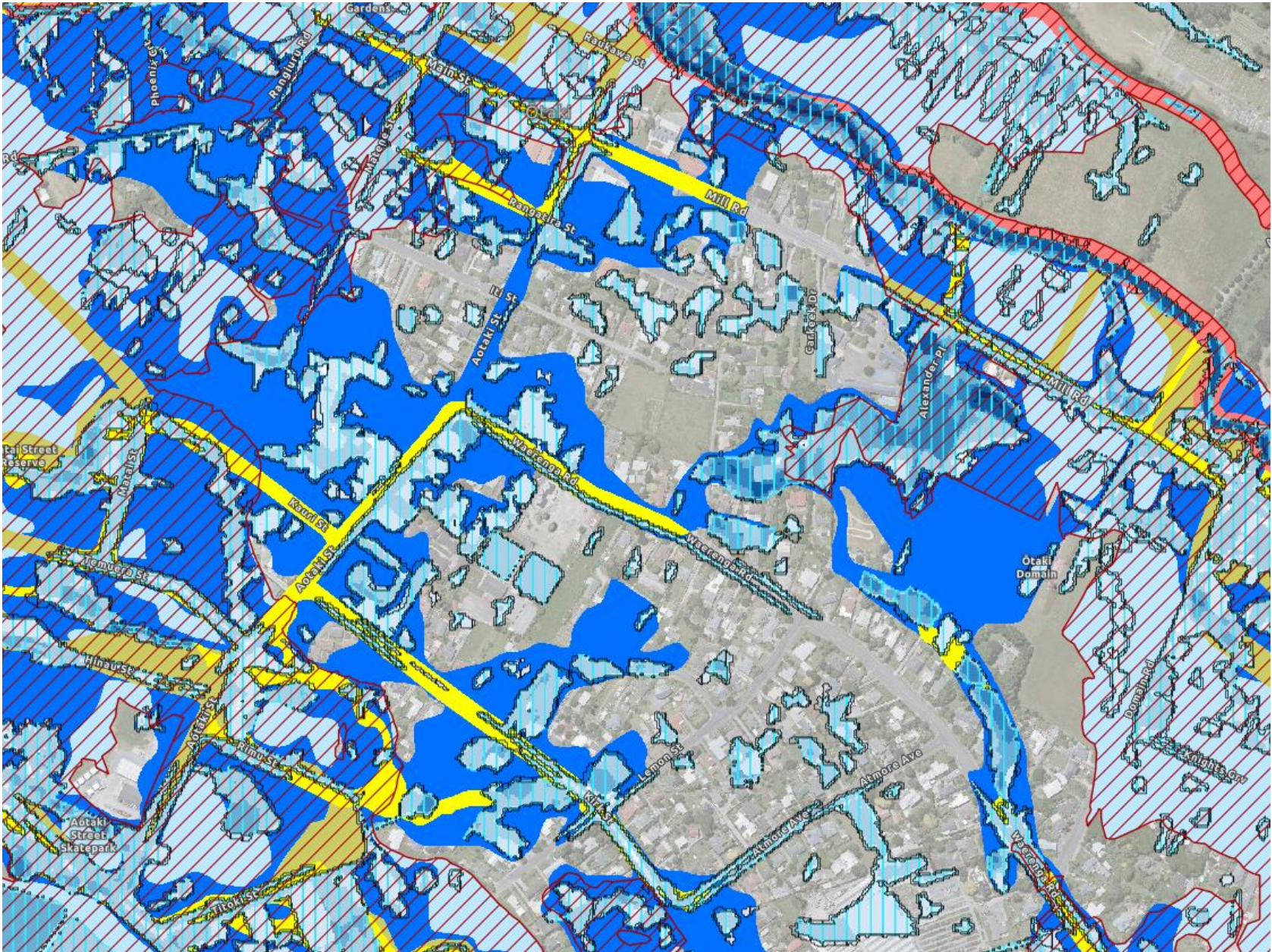
- **Flood Map Consultation** (Phase 3 – Mar/Apr 2025)
  - Release draft maps, via online portal.
  - Direct communication to newly affected property owners (minor property vs building footprint).
  - Mana whenua engagement – TWOK, Marae briefings/drop-ins.
  - Targeted sessions with developers and insurance sector.
  - Host public drop-in sessions and information events.
  - Social media channels.

# Engagement Strategy

## Online Portal (Phase 3 – Mar/Apr 2025)

- Interactive “story map”
- Outline model build & inputs
- Draft Flood Maps
  - Existing flood extents (KCDC & GW)
  - New flood extents & depth (heatmap)
  - 1 in 100 yr scenarios (current climate, 2070, 2130)
  - Building footprints
  - Searchable by property address
- Model build reports (technical reports)
- Have your say page & feedback form







# What GW is doing

GW is updating the flood hazard maps for the Kāpiti area in the following major river and stream areas:

- Ōtaki River, including the Waitohu Stream and Mangapouri Stream
- Waikanae River
- Mangaone Stream

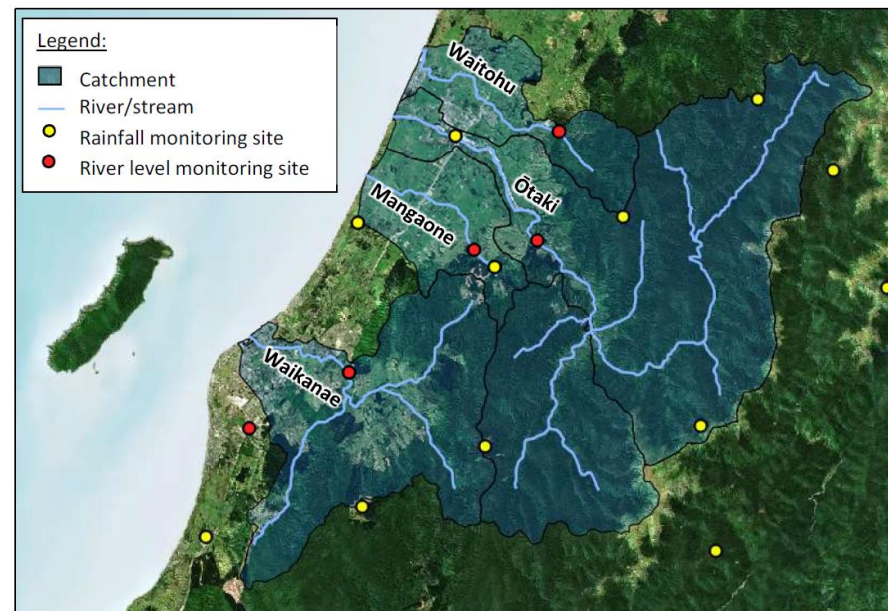
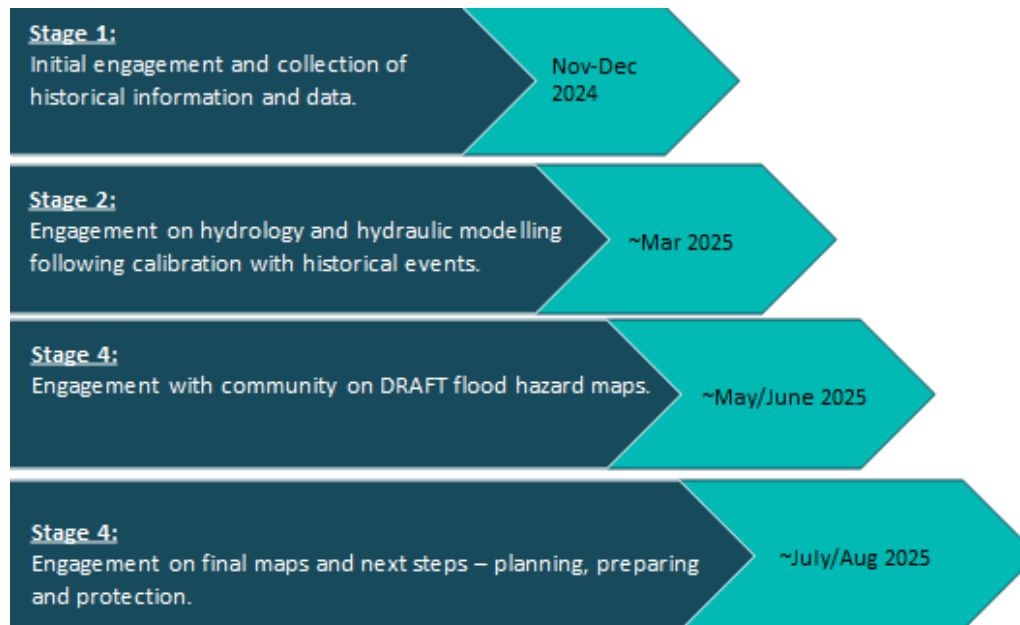


Figure 1. Catchments requiring hydrological analysis for the Kāpiti Flood Hazard Modelling Programme



# GW's engagement plan



## Next Steps

- **Finalise Engagement Materials:** Prepare for public awareness campaign and consultation phase.
- **Coordinate with GW:** Align messaging and engagement.
- **Plan Community Engagement Events:** Schedule sessions and encourage participation.
- **Model Sharing Arrangements:** Set up training and model management for third parties.
- **EM Briefing Prior to Consultation Phase:** Engagement package, portal & activities.

# Questions?

# Te Whakaminenga o Kāpiti Hui

Local Water Done Well Legislation  
Kapiti Coast Water Services

18 February 2025





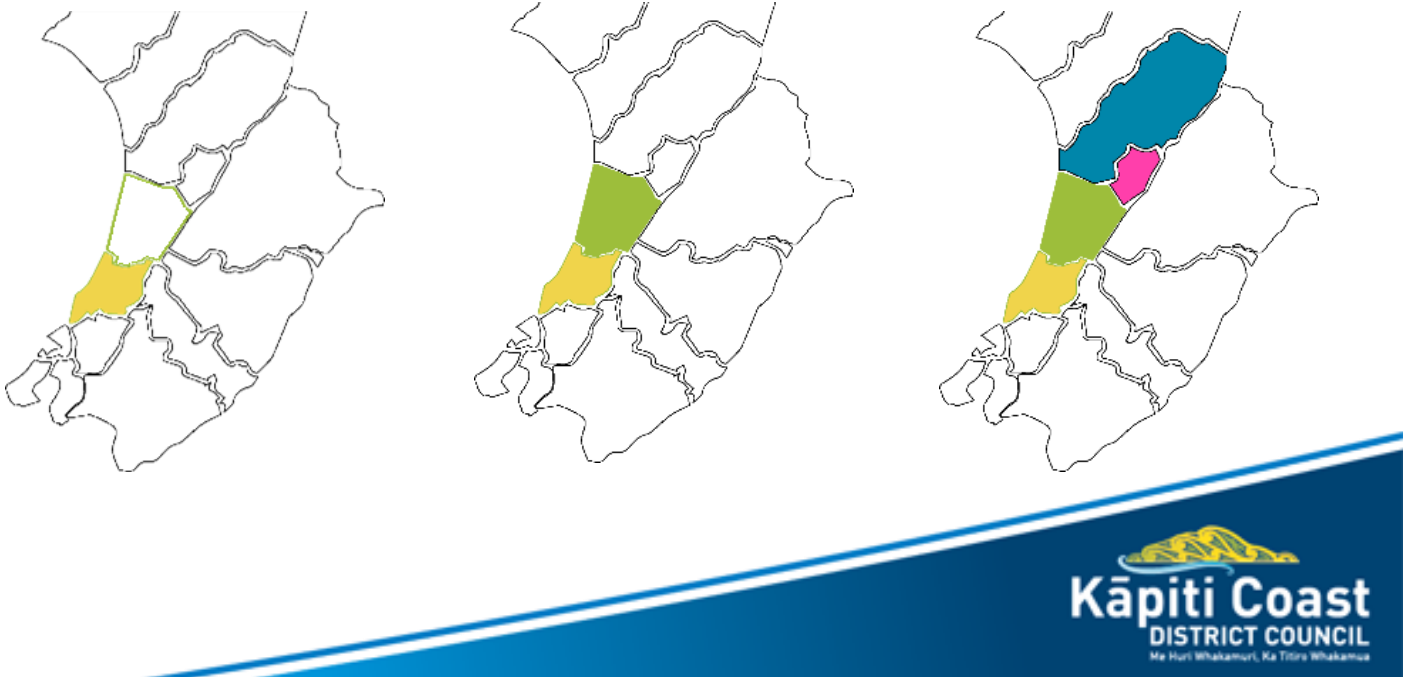
## Purpose of this briefing

- Delivery model options and overview
- Joint water services organisation arrangements
- The cost of services
- Next steps



# Water Delivery Model Options

	"One" Council IBU New KCDC IBU	"Two" Council CCO KCDC / HDC	"Four" Council CCO KCDC, HDC, MDC & PNCC
Population	58,750	96,450	223,750
Connections	24,500	34,825	71,212



# Delivery Model Options

- “One” Council In-house Business Unit
  - Utilises existing Council Iwi relationship arrangements
  - Establish a fully ringfenced and resourced Internal Business Unit
    - Debt to be managed within Council limits (revenue x 280%, LGFA Board have the discretion to approve up to 350% for high growth councils)
    - Consideration of referendum, as per standing orders, not required
- “Four” Council Water Services CCO (or variance thereof)
  - Iwi representation and engagement must be considered and agreed by shareholders and iwi partners
  - Kapiti Coast / Horowhenua / Manawatu / Palmerston North City shareholder Councils
    - Limited liability company owned by shareholder councils
    - Independent board and CE. Board cannot comprise elected members or any staff
    - Asset-owning full-service CCO
    - Access to increased debt limits for water services (revenue x 500%)
    - Consideration of a referendum as per standing orders

# What is important to Kapiti



## Public Ownership

Our water assets remain in public ownership.



## Financial sustainability

Our water service is financially sustainable and maintains fair and transparent charging for customers.



## Safe and reliable services

Our community continues to receive safe, reliable, efficient and effective water services



## Local priorities

Our water services organisation recognises local priorities in planning for the future and catering for growth



## Mana whenua

Mana whenua aspirations and concepts have a meaningful influence in managing our water















## Resilience

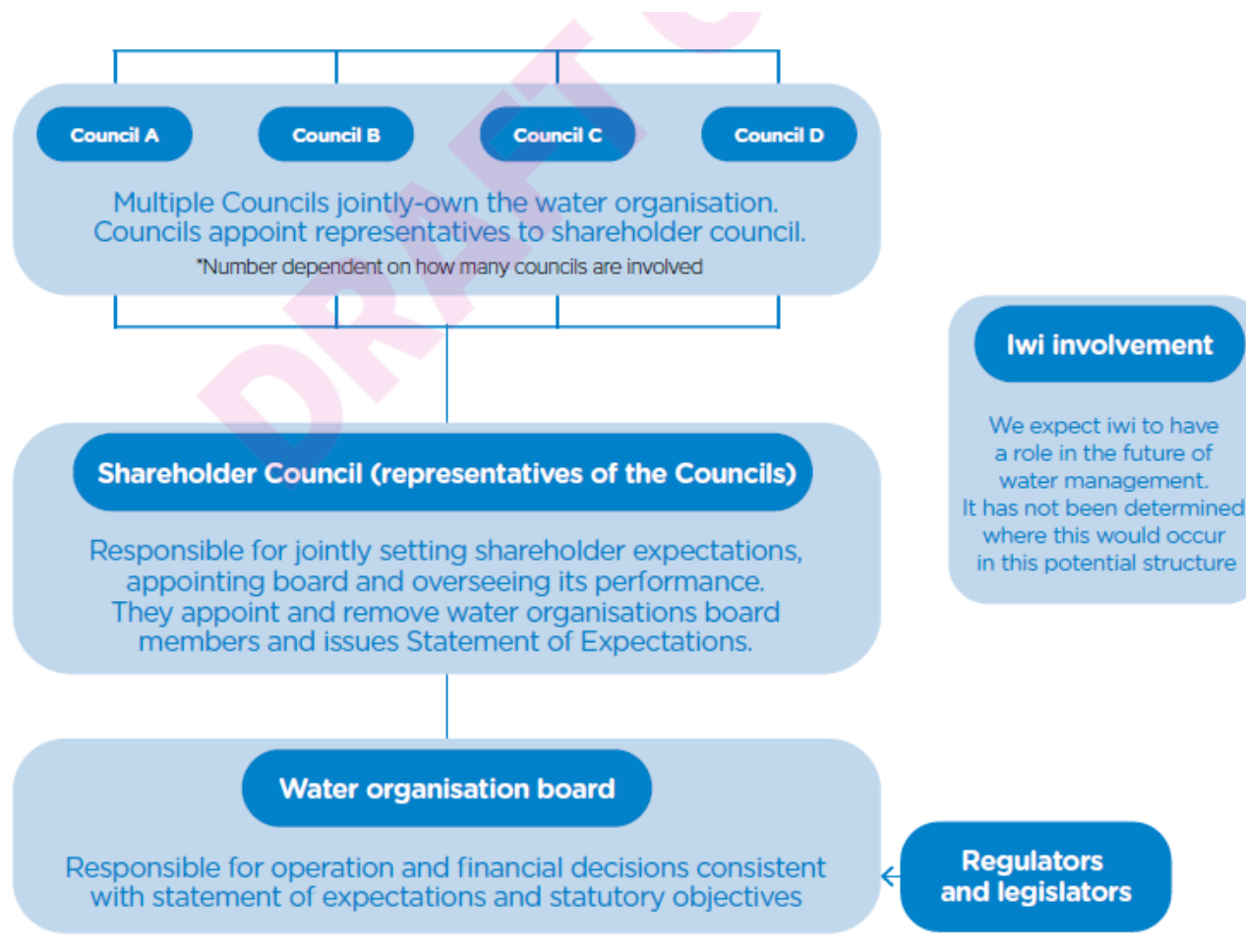
Our water organisation is resilient – it remains strong and functional in all circumstances



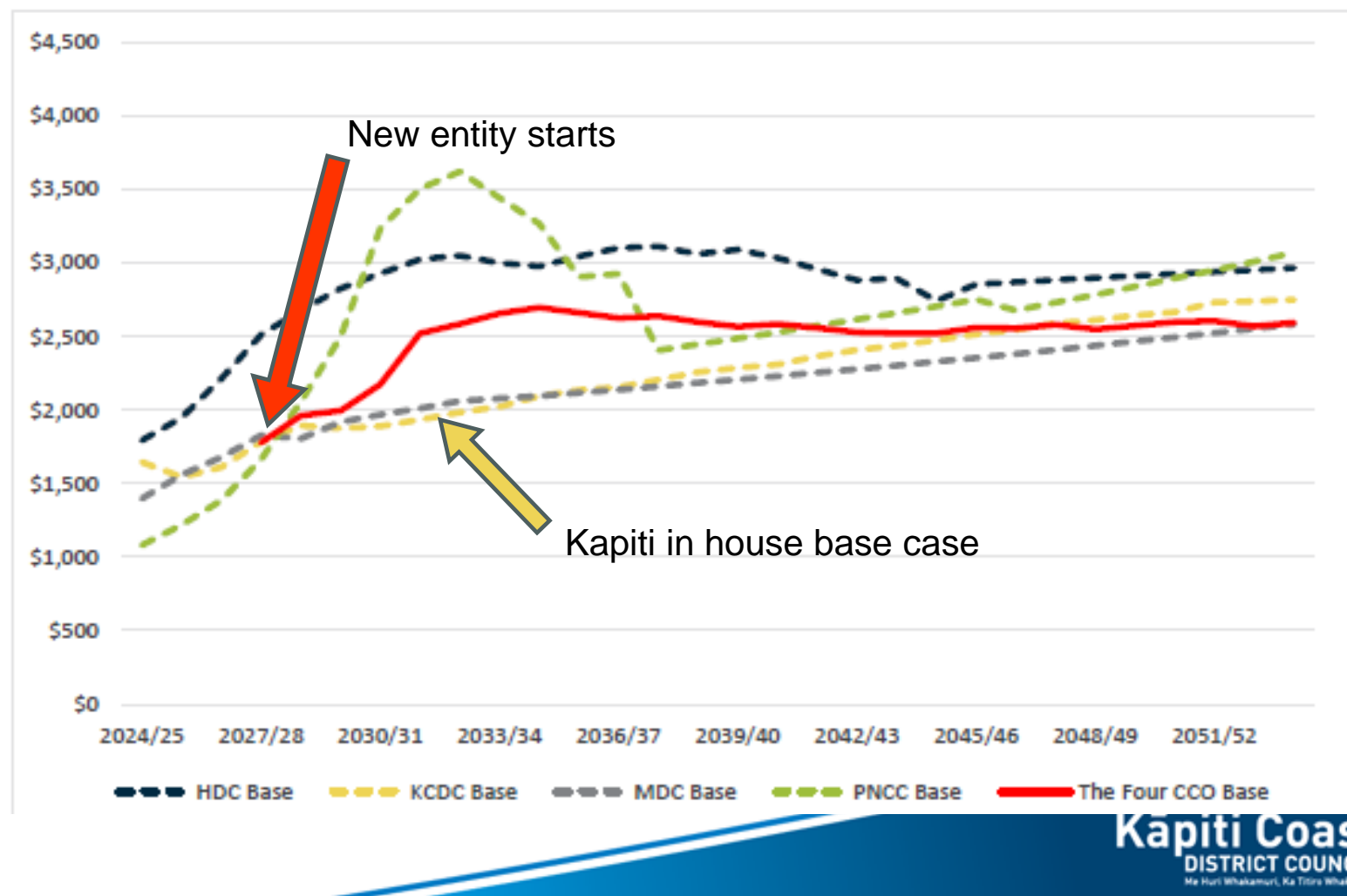
# Options overview

	“One” Council internal Business Unit	“Four” Council COO KCDC, HDC, MDC & PNCC
Public Ownership		
Safe and reliable services		
Mana whenua		
Financial		
Local priorities		
Resilience		

# What a Joint Water Services Organisation could look like



## The average household costs over 30 years



## Next steps

- 6 March Council approve Consultation Document and associated matters.
- Consultation Process
  - Consultation period early March to early April 2025
  - Feedback analysis
  - Hearings in late April 2025
- Further Council briefings through the consultation period on the detailed development of the Four Council option.
- Decision on the Water Services Model – Mid May
- CE Certification and adoption of the Water Services Delivery Plan and Implementation Plan End of June
- The Water Services Delivery Plan must be lodged with DIA by 3 September 2025



## Discussion and questions