

Te tupu pai, Growing well Summary of community consultation December 2021

About PublicVoice

PublicVoice has produced this report. PublicVoice is a research and engagement consultancy located in Wellington, New Zealand. We specialise in research and engagement activities related to public policy and public consultation. PublicVoice works for a range of New Zealand local and central government agencies. You can find out more about our work at www.publicvoice.co.nz

Document status:	Final
Version:	1
Date:	17 February 2022
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1 Executive summary

1.1 Introduction

The Kāpiti Coast District Council has reflected on the district's most significant challenges and opportunities. Upon reflection, Council has outlined their proposed approach for enabling sustainable growth in the 'Te tupu pai, Growing well' consultation document¹. The document sets out Council's growth strategy for the next 30 years.

1.2 The consultation process

Consultation on the Growing well strategy occurred from 19 October 2021 to 19 November 2021. The community was invited to submit their feedback on the four key areas outlined in the document. Online submissions were made using the online survey hosted by Council. Written submissions could be made by filling in the 'Growing well feedback form.' The form could then be emailed to Council, dropped off at a Kāpiti Coast District Council library, or posted using freepost. 145 submissions were received.

2 Key findings

Below are the key findings from the community consultation process.

Our challenges and opportunities			
(Q1) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities?	38% (n=38) of submissions agreed that Council have reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities, while 62% (n=61) disagreed.		
(Q2) If you have any views, please comment here:	 Responses generally focused on additional opportunities or challenges. Comments related to additional opportunities focused on: Housing (n=20), suggestions included areas to develop (n=8) Transport (n=12), and developing more cycling networks (n=6) Growing well (n=10), with growth that is sustainable and balanced (n=2) Comments related to additional challenges focused on: Housing (n=19), and the ability to supply affordable and accessible homes (n=8) Infrastructure and Council services (n=15), consideration of limited infrastructure and improvements that need to be made (n=12) Growing well (n=14), with the need to address discrimination, economic and social inequalities (n=4) 		
Our growth principles, and our priorities and aspirations			
(Q3) Do you think these give us the right focus?	61% (n=57) of submissions agreed that these principles, priorities and aspirations provide the right focus, while 39% (n=36) disagreed.		
(Q4) If yes, why?	The most common reasons for support were:		

¹ <u>Growing well | Have Your Say | Kāpiti Coast (kapiticoast.govt.nz)</u>

	 Enabling choice and affordable and efficient urban form (n=13), focusing on affordable homes (n=4) Valuing our environment/achieve climate neutral living (n=11), focusing on environmental sustainability (n=10) Supporting mana whenua aspirations/Keep, protect, enhance (n=10), focusing on the emphasis on partnership with mana whenua (n=7)
(Q5) lf no, why?	 The most common reasons for disagreement were: Enabling choice/enable affordable, efficient urban form (n=16), opposition to the intensification of Kāpiti (n=5) Valuing our environment (n=12), submissions suggested environmental improvements (n=11), such as regenerating the environment (n=5) Embracing the opportunities of growth/be prosperous and productive (n=8), support for economic and social security of iwi (n=2)
(Q6) Have you any views on our growth principles, or our priorities and aspirations?	 Comments on the principles, priorities and aspirations mainly focused on: Enabling choice/enable affordable and efficient urban form (n=24), with opposition to the intensification of Kāpiti (n=4) Fostering strong communities/improve walkability, wellbeing (n=10), recognition needed for the significant role of marae in Kāpiti (n=2) Other priorities needed/suggested (n=7), aligning the strategy with amendments to the Resource Management Amendment Act 1991 (n=3)
Our proposed approach	
(Q7) Do you think our proposed approach will help us achieve good growth?	60% (n=54) of submissions agreed that the proposed approach would help achieve good growth, while 40% (n=36) disagreed.
(Q8) If yes, how?	 The most common reasons for agreement were: Growing up — intensification in Kāpiti would help achieve good growth (n=11) by reducing carbon emissions (n=5) Offering different/affordable homes would help achieve good growth (n=11) by increasing and diversifying the housing market as well as the rates base (n=7) Improving access and transport options would help achieve good growth (n=7) by double tracking and extending the railway to Ōtaki (n=3)
(Q9) If no, what are your concerns?	 The most common reasons for disagreement were: General opposition was expressed (n=14), as the evidence and decision making in the proposal will not lead to good growth (n=6) Growing up — intensification in Kāpiti would not lead to good growth (n=13), as it will negatively impact the character and lifestyle of the district (n=7) Improving access and transport options would not lead to good growth (n=9) because the provision of infrastructure for active travel is needed (n=3)

Growing up – Intensification	
(Q10) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well?	37% (n=46) of submissions agreed that these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help Kāpiti to grow well, while 63% (n=78) disagreed.
(Q11) If yes, how?	The most common reasons for agreement were:
	 General support for the proposal (n=39) and intensifying Kāpiti (n=23) 12 storeys in central Paraparaumu 6 storeys within 800m (n=6), with consideration for higher (n=2) and lower (n=2) level storeys suggested 6 storeys in town centres and 4 storeys within 400m (n=3), with consideration for higher storeyed buildings (n=1)
(Q12) If no, what	The most common reasons for disagreement were:
alternatives should we consider?	 4 storeys within 200m of local centres (n=42), opposition to rezoning/intensification in Waikanae Beach (n=37), suggesting development in Ngārara as an alternative (n=8) Heights, catchments and zoning (n=13), with support for greenfield development only in Kāpiti (n=4) 6 storeys in town centres within 400m (n=12), development should not occur due to environmental impacts (n=3)
Growing out – Greenfield gro	wth
(Q13) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth?	55% (n=52) of submissions agreed that the scale of the proposed greenfield areas is suitable for supporting good growth, while 45% (n=43) disagreed.
(Q14) If yes, how?	The most common reasons for agreement were:
	 Support for locations and scale (n=29) as they are close to transport routes (n=8) Good growth is conditional upon infrastructure development (n=14)
(Q15) If no, what	A wide array of alternatives were suggested. They included:
alternatives should we consider?	 Proposed heights, catchments and zoning (n=24), reclassify WB-03 (n=1), WB-02 (n=1) and Peka Peka Farm (n=1) as Priority Group 1 sites Environmental considerations associated with growing out (n=14), prefer to use available land for managed retreat (n=1)
(Q16) Do you think our	55% (n=43) of submissions agreed that the proposed approach would give a good mix

greenfield development to grow well?		
(Q17) If you have any views, please comment here:	 The most common views were: The proposed approach does not give a good mix to grow well (n=22), due to the proposed heights, catchments and zoning (n=15) Suggestions for a good mix were also offered (n=17), such as improving or changing the governance of development (n=12) The proposed approach does give a good mix to grow well (n=13) because of the proposed governance of development (n=5) 	
Our plan for implementing ou	ir proposed approach	
(Q18) Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti?	64% (n=67) of submissions agreed there are other important factors that Council needs to consider to achieve good growth, while 36% (n=37) disagreed.	
(Q19) If you have any views, please comment here:	 The most common views were: Planning our infrastructure needs (n=33), with transport being an important factor (n=20) Exploring housing opportunities (n=13), and the need for an assessment of housing and business land capacity (n=6) Valuing the environment (n=10), with a focus on eco-friendly development (n=7) 	
Other feedback		
(Q20) If you have any other feedback about how we can grow well, please comment here:	 Other feedback included: Planning our infrastructure needs (n=15) and developing transport infrastructure (n=8) Enabling quality development (n=13) must include publicly accessible green spaces (n=2) Further opportunities for community input (n=13) requires more meaningful consultations with residents (n=8) 	

3 Data analysis methodology

3.1 Framework of analysis

An online survey was built in the software platform, 'Engagement HQ', to collect submissions. 145 submissions were received and processed via the survey. The survey questions (see Appendix A) formed the analysis framework for all submissions.

3.1.1 Statistical analysis

All submissions were analysed and categorised using the questions asked in the online survey interface (see Appendix A: Consultation questions).

Figure 1: Example charts



3.1.2 Thematic analysis

PublicVoice undertook the analysis of responses to open-ended interface questions and written submissions. Themes were extracted from the text data by having a team of research analysts identify, analyse and interpret patterns of meaning within the open-ended responses. Each theme was then analysed for frequency. Results are presented in table format. Frequency tables are a representation of the number of times a code is mentioned in all submissions. The foundation for the thematic analysis used by PublicVoice is the methodology developed by Braun and Clarke, 2006.²

3.1.2.1 Classification of themes

The results from the thematic analysis were mostly organised into the following top-level themes:

Climate change and achieve climate neutral living/encourage low carbon living — includes comments related to climate change, associated impacts, and how to mitigate and adapt.

Housing and enabling choice — includes comments related to the provision and choice of housing in the district.

Environment and valuing our environment — includes comments related to environmental preservation, degradation and the environment more generally.

² Braun and V. Clarke (2006), 'Using thematic analysis in psychology'. *Qualitative Research in Psychology, 3*(2), 77-101.

Infrastructure/Council services and planning our infrastructure needs — includes comments related to various types of infrastructure and the provision thereof in the district.

Fostering strong communities — includes comments related to the Kāpiti community generally and the social implications of the proposal more specifically.

Further opportunities for community input — includes comments related to community input and consultation.

Growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti — includes comments related to greenfield developments in Kāpiti as a whole and specific areas within the district.

Growing up — **intensification in Kāpiti** — includes comments related to the proposal to intensify Kāpiti as a whole and specific areas within the district.

Growing well — includes comments related to achieving good growth.

4 storeys within 200m of local centres — includes comments related to the height and catchment proposed for local centres.

Governing development — includes comments related to the role of governing institutions (including Council) regarding the planning and implementation of the strategy.

3.2 Reporting

Tables illustrating the frequency of codes associated with each theme have been included to demonstrate the significance of each theme. Table 1 provides an example of how the thematic analysis has been reported.

Table 1: Example of thematic analysis table

Main theme	Sub theme(s)	Count
Encouraging low-carbon living/achieve climate neutral living		6
	Prioritise environmental sustainability	3
	Protection and restoration of the natural environment	2
	Promote green development	2
	Do not develop in hish risk areas	1
	Densely populated areas are more sustainable	1
General agreeme	nt with principles/priorities/aspirations	6
Embracing the op	Embracing the opportunities of growth/be prosperous and product	
-	Establish the District Services Partnership Group	
	More focus on economic growth needed	1
	Development in Te Horo must not change rural aesthetic	
	Methods required for attracting businesses	1
Supporting mana	Supporting mana whenua aspirations/keep, protect, enhance	
Work with mana whenua to ensure culturally competent leadership		1
Recognise the rangatiratanga of hapū and iwi		1
Valuing our environment		3
	Prioritise environmental sustainability	3
	Protection and restoration of the natural environment	1

3.3 Endorsed submissions

Some submitters made mention of their support and endorsement of other submissions. Submissions that were endorsed by others were:

- 31 submitters endorsed the Waikanae Beach Residents Society Incorporated submission
- 2 submitters endorsed the Kāpiti Climate Change Action Group submission
- 2 submitters endorsed the Low Carbon Kāpiti submission
- 1 submitter endorsed the submission made by Dr Paul Callister

4 Who we heard from

To make an online submission via Engagement HQ, community members had to register on Council's online platform, which included demographic questions. This data was then attributed to each survey response. Respondents who completed a paper submission were asked to include their demographic data on the form. This data was captured by Council staff, who entered them into the online survey system. 145 submissions were received.

The demographic questions were not mandatory fields, resulting in a significant amount of 'not answered' for each question. Consequently, it is not possible to apply any degree of statistical significance to the consultation findings.

4.1 Location



Figure 2: What area do you live in?

	%	n
Waikanae	39%	56
Paraparaumu	12%	17
Raumati	6%	9
Paekākāriki	5%	7
Ōtaki	5%	7
Te Horo	3%	5
Outside of Kāpiti	4%	6
Not answered	26%	38

4.2 Ethnicity

Figure 3: What is your ethnicity?



4.3 Iwi affiliation

Unlike all the other demographic data captured through respondents' registration on Council's website, iwi affiliation was specifically asked in the survey.

Figure 4: If you identify as Māori, do you wish to state the iwi with which you identify?



	%	n
Ngāti Raukawa ki te Tonga	2%	3
Te Āti Awa Ki Whakarongotai	1%	2
Ngāti Toa Rangatira	1%	1
Other iwi or hapu (please state)	3%	4

4.4 Age

Figure 5: Age



							72%
10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%
		%	1	n			
	20-29	19	6	2	_		
	30-39	4%	/ 0	6			
	40-49	2%	6	3			
	50-59	3%	0	4			
	60-64	3%	6	4			
	65+	149	%	21			
	Not answered	729	%	105	_		

4.5 Individual/organisation

Figure 6: Are you providing feedback as an Individual/on behalf of an organisation?



5 Summary of submissions

5.1 Summary of topics for feedback

The consultation provided an opportunity for feedback on the following four areas:

- The significant challenges and opportunities
- The growth principles
- The proposed approach
- The sufficiency of the scope of the strategy

The following summary of submissions details the statistical and thematic analysis from each section.

5.2 Our challenges and opportunities

As Council developed their proposed approach, they looked at the main challenges and opportunities in the district. They included the challenges presented by population growth, housing demand, climate change, growing the economy sustainably, and protecting and enhancing the environment, and the opportunities these present to deliver on Council's vision of a thriving environment, vibrant economy and strong communities (noting that some of the proposed responses are requirements set by the Government).

5.2.1 (Q1) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities?

38% (n=38) of submissions agreed that Council have reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities, while 62% (n=61) disagreed (Figure 7). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 2.



Figure 7: (Q1) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities?

"Potential opportunity to encourage/facilitate infill in existing and well serviced residential areas through localised sub-division and as part of implementation of the NPS-UD .e.g. marketing infill in the places it is most feasible."

Growth should be sustainable and balanced

	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	29%	56%	29%	23%	40%	57%	33%	13%	26%
	2	5	5	13	2	4	2	5	38
No	57%	44%	65%	38%	60%	43%	33%	34%	42%
	4	4	11	21	3	3	2	13	61
Not	14%	0%	6%	39%	0%	0%	33%	53%	32%
answered	1	0	1	22	0	0	2	20	46

Table 2: (Q1) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities? by location

5.2.2 (Q2) If you have any views, please comment here:

Responses to this question generally focused on additional opportunities or challenges (Table 3, Table 4, Table 5 and Table 6).

Comments related to additional opportunities focused on:

- Housing (n=20), suggestions included areas to develop (n=8)
- Transport (n=12), and developing more cycling networks (n=6)
- Growing well (n=10), with growth that is sustainable and balanced (n=2)

Comments related to additional challenges focused on:

- Housing (n=19), and the ability to supply affordable and accessible homes (n=8)
- Infrastructure and Council services (n=15), consideration of limited infrastructure and improvements that need to be made (n=12)
- Growing well (n=14), with discrimination, economic and social inequalities needing to be addressed (n=4)

"We need more houses. Affordable and accessible houses. Whatever the shortfall of houses is expected to be or currently is we need to build more than that."

Providing affordable/accessible houses

"The Strategy has recognised that Kāpiti has predominantly relied on car dominated modes of transport in the past and currently, poor connectivity combined with population growth and economic development is placing pressure on existing infrastructure in Kāpiti."

Infrastructure limitations/improvements need to be considered

"Embracing opportunities for growth is critical, in particular increasing density and improving accessibility, cycle/ ped and e-transport can aid reduced carbon footprint."

Transport

Table 3: (Q2) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities? — If you have any views, please comment.

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
ousing		
	Additional opportunities	_
	Areas to develop	
	Develop Ōtaki	
	Develop at the end of Te Manuao Road in Ōtaki	
	Intensify existing areas with infill housing	
	Mixed land use development for vibrant communities	
	Facilitate amalgamation of land to enable scaled development	
	Develop temporary emergency housing on crown land	
	Development of surplus crown land for housing in Paekākāriki	
	Develop on unproductive rural land within urban zones	
	Support development in areas that are infrastructure ready	
	Types of developments/houses/infrastructure	
	Adaptable development that is future proof for change	
	New developments cater for environmental/people well being	
	New houses should be self-sufficient/self-serviced	
	Solar panels on all new developments	
	Parking spaces only for houses distant from public transport	
	Opportunity to provide lifestyle blocks as well	_
	Rezoning and reclassification	
	99 & 103 SH1 should be high priority Greenfield Area	
	Reclassify Lot 13 adjacent to Fieldway as urban land	
	Rezone Hautere for development (not suitable for agriculture)	
	Rural-urban boundary shifting north	
	Some land classified as medium should be high priority	
	Opportunity to involve mana whenua in supporting housing supply	
	Opportunities to promote growth	
	Influence/incentivise desired development	
	Partner with developers to build Council's vision	
	Incentivise developers to provide the infrastructure	
	Mediating costs of infrastructure to facilitate development	
	Support growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	
	Opportunity to protect heritage areas	
	Facilitate cohabitation as a means to ease demand for housing	
	Greenfield development to include Contaminated Land Assessment	
	Additional challenges	
	Providing affordable/accessible houses	
	Local hapu unable to afford to live in their own home	
	Lack of housing for the elderly in Paekākāriki	
	Council will have no control over the price of housing	
	Lack of 1/2 bedroom properties Paekākāriki	
	Build more than expected affordable/accessible housing	
	Community opposition to developments	
	Increased densification may lead to the development of slums	
	Need more emphasis on sustainable housing	
	Changes/restrictions in national policy impacting development	
	Developing airport land would not create a thriving community	
	Provide high-quality, affordable homes	
	Social housing models can lead to overcrowding	
	Brownfield development in Paekākāriki due to lack of land	
	Amend to 'there is a high need for emergency [] housing'	

"Housing needs not only to be affordable but we believe new housing should be futureproofed so that people can remain in their homes for their lives."

Adaptable development that is future proof for change

	ub themes	Count
irowing well		
A	dditional challenges	
	Discrimination/economic and social inequalities	
	Social/accessibility challenges of an ageing population	
	Consideration for existing population	
	Social impacts of fast growth	
	High density living leads to anti-social behaviour	
	Analysis of challenges of growth in rural/urban context	
	Planning appears to be rushed	
	Consider the impact of growth on iwi aspirations	
	Pressure on primary schools in northern Kāpiti	
	More information needed on the growth of Te Horo	
A	dditional opportunities	
	Growth should be sustainable and balanced	
	Future primary school provision in Waikanae	
	Opportunity associated with commuters working from home	
	Greater density combined with equity of provision	
	Growth that considers future generations	
	Opportunities for inclusion for the elderly	
	Development that conforms to current character/aesthetic	
	Regulations needed to facilitate disabled residents access	
	Growth is deemed good and an opportunity	
	Opportunity for communities to participate early on in plans	
	Use of possible scenarios over a linear approach to growth	
nfrastructure/Counc	il services	
А	dditional challenges	
	Infrastructure limitations/improvements need to be considered	
	Dependence on septic tanks/no sewer system at Paekākāriki	
	Increased wastewater infrastructure needed	
	Implications of RMA housing density changes on infrastructure	
	Provision of adequate social infrastructure needed	
	Waste management infrastructure needed	
	More social services/community hub needed in Ōtaki	
	Wealth of elderly distorts socio-economic data — limits funding	
	Increased demand for services not funded by the Council	
	Restrict development in the vicinity of the national power grid	Í
А	dditional opportunities	
	Build water storage facilities	
	Developers paying for new infrastructure	1
	Development of a framework for infrastructure delivery	Ĩ
	Improve street lighting	i i
	No new liquor stores/reduce liquor availability	i i
	Support for development of medical centres/hospitals	i i
	Support growth near services	

Table 4: (Q2) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities? — If you have any views, please comment. Continued

"This seems like a great opportunity for expansion and growth, but please consider putting in place regulations and adequate living arrangements for disabled Kapiti residents. How will your new buildings accommodate people in wheelchairs? Will there be apartments for wheelchair bound people? They need special bathroom facilities, elevators in apartment buildings, etc. Please ensure that these folks don't get left behind."

Regulations needed to facilitate disabled residents access

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
Environment		
	Additional challenges	
	Increased impact from development on the environment	
	Protection for highly productive land needed	
	Prioritise environmental protection	
	Protection for valuable wetlands	
	Challenge of increased demand on limited resources	
	Light pollution at Ōtaki	
	Cleaning waterways	
	Protecting biodiversity	
	Restrictions on cats in new developments close to native bush	
	Challenge of not having a sustainable population strategy	
	Housing close to transport for commuters limits local growth	
	Higher quality analysis needed on 'highly productive land'	
	Additional opportunities	
	Increased planting of native trees	
	Reduce car usage	
	Socio-economic opportunities lead to sustainable living	
	Development must mitigate environmental impacts	
	Regeneration of degraded land	
	Incorporate environmental capital into development plans	
Climate change		
	Additional challenges	
	All solutions must consider climate change mitigation	
	The strategy needs more detail on emission reductions	
	Sudden natural disasters: i.e. earthquakes, tsunamis, etc	
	Waikanae Beach prone to flooding/tsunamis	
	Resilient communities will be those developed further inland	
	Increased uncertainty due to climate change	
	Increased energy demand	
	Sea walls to be built - southern coastal regions	
	Additional opportunities	
	Improve stormwater system	
	Ōtaki	
	Paekākāriki	
	Use airport for point-to-point travel — decreasing emissions	
	Retaining the airport would improve resilience	
	Work with other agencies to provide resilient infrastructure	
	The global context needs to be taken into consideration	
	Holistic/centralised approach to natural hazard solutions	
	Clarification of resilient communities needed for action	
Fransport		
•	Additional opportunities	
	Develop cycling networks	
	Utilise/retain the airport	_
	Development that enables sustainable transport	
	Growth in Te Horo will tie in with the preferred station site	
	Enable walkable catchments	
	Additional challenges	
	Increased/improved public transport	-
	Bus services	
	Increased rail infrastructure/connections	
	Train services to Palmerston North and Auckland	
	A train station at Raumati south	
	A train to Ōtaki	
	Weekend stop at McCray's crossing	
	Public transport from Ōtaki Beach	
	Increase in congestion	

Table 5: (Q2) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities? — If you have any views, please comment. Continued

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
Other views		16
	Other challenges	12
	The plan does not fully articulate challenges	3
	Align the strategy with amendments to RMA	3
	Concerns with consultation	2
	Further clarity sought	1
	On intentions for development in Te Horo/Hautere	1
	Integration with GWRC and other councils may be required	1
	Concerned that these have not been considered before	1
	Increased uncertainty due to COVID-19	1
	Other opportunities	5
	General support for the plan	2
	Utilising wisdom of kaupapa Māori	1
	Follow best practice	1
	Increased opportunities will increase participation in iwi	1
	Employment opportunities allow living within ancestral home	1
	Māori retain land ownership but sell buildings	1
	Plans should be living documents	1
Economy		12
	Additional opportunities	9
	Ability to attract more local businesses	5
	Resilient businesses that complement the wider Wellington area	1
	Opportunity for tourism growth	2
	Role of technology in future planning	2
	The airport can be used to develop a prosperous district	1
	Benefits of mixed use developments close to transport hubs	1
	Consider Kāpiti's business demographics	1
	Additional challenges	6
	Capital gains tax needed to minimise income division	1
	Economic development placing pressure on infrastructure	1
	Inequalities resulting from digital divide	1
	Kāpiti does not have a large number of bigger business	1
	Limited commercial and industrial land/limited jobs	1
	Skilled planners/architects needed to ensure success	1

Table 6: (Q2) Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities? - If you have any views, please comment. Continued

"Discussion of public transport is largely limited to rapid transit improvement and lays responsibility for delivering that with the regional council, yet this could be a significant enabler to the embracing of walkable catchments that serve a population that continues to be heavily weighted to the aged."

Transport

"While you have mentioned the population demographic you haven't mentioned the business demographic. Kapiti's economy is made up largely of micro businesses. This is both a challenge and an opportunity. We don't have a lot of large businesses that other smaller businesses can feed off (in terms of being their suppliers and selling goods to their employees). On the other hand, there is an opportunity to brand Kapiti as a great place to set up a small business – we have a business ecosystem that supports start-ups, high tech, etc."

Ability to attract more local businesses

5.3 Our growth principles, and our priorities and aspirations

Council have developed a set of growth principles to guide their decision-making, and priorities and aspirations to focus implementation. They capture what's most important to Council – the environment, strong communities, and low carbon living while embracing the opportunities for growth and enabling choice for people and communities. They also reflect Council's partnership with mana whenua, their values and aspirations.

5.3.1 (Q3) Do you think these give us the right focus?

61% (n=57) of submissions agreed that these principles, priorities and aspirations provide the right focus, while 39% (n=36) disagreed (Figure 8). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 7.

Figure 8: (Q3) Do you think these give us the right focus?



Table 7: (Q3) Do you think these give us the right focus? by location

	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	57% 4	56% 5	65% 11	32% 18	60% 3	57% 4	50% 3	24% 9	39% 57
No	29% 2	33% 3	29% 5	21% 12	40% 2	29% 2	17% 1	24% 9	25% 36
Not	14%	11%	6%	46%	0%	14%	33%	53%	36%
answered	1	1	1	26	0	1	2	20	52

5.3.2 (Q4) If yes, why?

The reasons submissions felt the principles, priorities and aspirations give the right focus are presented in Table 8. The most common reasons for support were:

- Enabling choice and affordable and efficient urban form (n=13), focusing on affordable homes (n=4)
- Valuing our environment/achieve climate neutral living (n=11), focusing on environmental sustainability (n=10)

• Supporting mana whenua aspirations/Keep, protect, enhance (n=10), focusing on the emphasis on partnership with mana whenua (n=7)

Table 8: (Q4) Do you think these give us the right focus? — If yes, why?

in theme	Sub themes	Coun	ε
wth principle	es and priorities		
	Enabling choice/enable affordable and efficient urban form		
	Housing		
	Support affordable homes	-	
	Develop site in southern Ōtaki		
	Housing development improves housing affordability		
	Co-housing communities		
	Transportation		
	Access to Kāpiti expressway at Peka Peka		
	Accessible modes of transport		
	Build near transport networks		
	Provision of infrastructure for active travel is necessary		
	Infrastructure	-	
	Wastewater	-	
	More efficient alternatives to wastewater treatment needed		
	Wastewater infrastructure needed in Paekākāriki		
	Support high density buildings near transport hubs		
	Collaborative approach		
	Valuing our environment/achieve climate neutral living		
	Focus on environmental sustainability		
	Sustainable growth will create resilient communities		
	Retain, manage and integrate natural features into developments		
	Easy to install compost toilets		
	Use untreated farm forestry timber for building		
	Supporting mana whenua aspirations/Keep, protect, enhance		
	Emphasis on partnership with mana whenua		
	Allow mana whenua to administer iwi land		
	Land use associated with airport must recognise mana whenua		
	Collaborate with Wainuiwhenua		
	Need to consult Ngāti Haumia ki Paekākāriki		
	Fostering strong communities/improve walkability, wellbeing		
	Focus on health/social wellbeing		
	Development that conforms to current character/aesthetic	Ī	
	Focus on inclusivity for disabled persons		
	Improved community centres needed in Te Horo	Ī	
	Include low-income communities		
	More focus on education		
	Achieve climate neutral living/encouraging low-carbon living		
	Focus on sustainable growth		
	Prioritise reducing emissions and climate impacts	ī	
	Embracing the opportunities of growth/be prosperous and productive	-	
	Support the focus on the economy		
	More employment and business premises close to residents	Ī	
her reasons fo			
	General support for principles/priorities/aspirations		

5.3.3 (Q5) If no, why?

The reasons submissions felt these principles, priorities and aspirations do not give the right focus are presented in Table 9 and Table 10.

The most common reasons for disagreement were:

- Enabling choice/enable affordable, efficient urban form (n=16), opposition to the intensification of Kāpiti (n=5)
- Valuing our environment (n=12), submissions suggested environmental improvements (n=11), such as regenerating the environment (n=5)
- Embracing the opportunities of growth/be prosperous and productive (n=8), support for economic and social security of iwi (n=2)

Table 9: (Q5) Do you think these give us the right focus? — If no, why?

lain theme	Sub themes	Count
owth principle	es and priorities	
	Enabling choice/enable affordable and efficient urban form	
	Housing	
	Opposed to intensification in Kāpiti	
	Concerns that too much densification may occur	
	Development can lead to population growth outpricing Māori	
	High-rise buildings should not be built by the coastline	
	Require different options for occupation besides ownership/rent	
	Require joint ventures between Kainga Ora and mana whenua	
	Provide housing for all age brackets	
	Support for Māori to live in their own takiwa/rohe	
	Requirements for retirement villages to cater for whānau Māori Support further interesitiention	
	Support further intensification	
	More flexibility for development — high-rises at Paekākāriki It is not the Council's role to provide public housing	
	Principles needed to protect existing property rights	
	Infrastructure 3 waters infrastructure needed	
	Current infrastructure not suitable for further development	
	Prefer traffic calming/safety to more pathways	
	Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	
	Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Waikanae	
	Not everyone needs/wants to commute	
	Valuing our environment	
	Suggested environmental improvements	
	Principles need to include regenerating the environment	
	Restoration of wetlands needed	
	Ngatotara Lagoon	
	Prioritise environmental sustainability	
	Involve local iwi in kaitiakitanga of the environment	•
	Develop around existing/do not create new hubs	
	Concern regarding water shortages	
	Consider living with natural hazards in a resilient manner	
	A focus on pest control is needed	
	Solar panels on new developments	
	The strategy will negatively impact the environment	
	Development will further impact the Waikanae River	
	Impact of development on districts freshwater systems	
	Only careful development in Ōtaki will limit environmental harm	
	Potential negative impacts for future generations	
	Embracing the opportunities of growth/be prosperous and productive	
	Support for economic/social security of iwi	
	Growth must occur in partnership with Māori	
	Take on alternative (circular/donut) economies	
	More focus on increasing tourists rather than residents	
	Do not allow fast-tracking for consents	
	Opening of Transmission Gully will lead to more commuters	
	More consideration on the benefits and disadvantages of growth	
	More information on how businesses will be enticed to the area	
	Supporting mana whenua aspirations/keep, protect, enhance	
	Too much focus on mana whenua	
	Concern that residents have to fund support for mana whenua	
	Local Iwi have a greater say than the majority of the community	
	The proposal contradicts mana whenua aspirations	
	A māori worldview should be used in practice as well	

"There should be zero greenfield development, only more intensive housing by building up, not out."

Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti

Table 10: (Q5) Do you think these give us the right focus? — If no, why? Continued

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
	Encouraging low-carbon living/achieve climate neutral living	4
	Divest funds from flood protection/stormwater management	2
	Publish sea level rise/storm surges in LIM reports	2
	Implement Zero-Carbon Kāpiti initiative	2
	Proactively approach a managed retreat	2
	Involve mana whenua in Takutai Kāpiti programme	2
	Too much focus on "low carbon living"	2
	Prefer healthy waterways over "low carbon living"	1
	Fostering strong communities/improve walkability, wellbeing	3
	The strategy will not eventuate in social sustainability	2
	Address homelessness	1
	Development not aligned with healthcare provision	1
	Increase disability access for Māori	1
	No confidence in the ability to build resilient communities	1
	The strategy does not eventuate in resilient communities	1
	Other reasons for disagreement	2
	Benefits are overstated	2
	The Council has limited control over outcomes	2
	The Council has not fulfilled previous desired outcomes	1
	Growth will not lead to proposed outcomes	1
	Principles need to be weighted	1
	Developing 'City thinking'	1
	Opposed to city thinking, not suited to the district	1

5.3.4 (Q6) Have you any views on our growth principles, or our priorities and aspirations?

Submissions expressed views on the growth principles, priorities and aspirations are presented in Table 11 and Table 12.

Comments on the principles, priorities and aspirations mainly focused on:

- Enabling choice/enable affordable and efficient urban form (n=24), opposition to the intensification of Kāpiti (n=4)
- Fostering strong communities/improve walkability, wellbeing (n=10), recognition needed for the significant role of marae in Kāpiti (n=2)
- Other priorities needed/suggested (n=7), aligning the strategy with amendments to the Resource Management Amendment Act 1991 (n=3)

"I disagree with the growth principle of 'enabling choice'. Council as an enabler of development (as well as regulator) oversteps and confuses its role by claiming that its growth strategy will "provide opportunities for different types of businesses and jobs to be created". Enable (within reason – see previous paragraph) but don't provide. I categorically disagree that it's Council's role to "offer different kinds of homes with more affordable options for how people live (including papakinga, apartments and semidetached and terraced houses). People live on the Kapiti Coast for a reason – they don't want to live in a large urban area. The notion of "a city-scale" is anathema to those who choose to live on the Kapiti Coast. Sure, enable intensification around existing (and future) transport hubs if necessary (as dictated to Council by the Government), but no more than what is absolutely necessary please. And please don't commit the existing community to the burden of paying for infrastructure for this intensification – developers must pay!"

Enabling choice/enable affordable and efficient urban form

Alin theme Sub themes nabling choice/enable affordable and efficient urban form	Count
Housing	
Opposed to growing up - intensification in Kāpiti	
Opposed to growing up - intensification in Waikanae	r
Opposed to growing up - may lead to the development of slums	
Opposed to growing up - intensification in rural/suburban areas	
Enabling choice will impact on lifestyle that attracts people	
Development in Te Horo must not change rural aesthetic	
Facilitate Papakāinga housing	
Opportunity to provide lifestyle blocks as a choice	
It is not the Council's role to provide public housing	i
Allow some rural areas to be converted to rural/residential	
Concern regarding the decrease in building regulations	
Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	i
Allow for infill to occur	
Affordable housing and employment within walkable catchments	
Infrastructure/services	
Develop infrastructure at pace with growth	
Provide infrastructure beach camping	
Wastewater infrastructure needed in Paekākāriki	
Cannot pre-empt central government 3 waters decisions	
Develop water infrastructure prior to development	
Transportation	
Increased/improved public transport	
Buses to train stations	
Develop cycling networks	
Transport vision is idealistic	
Concerned regarding loss of the airport The proposals don't embrace the concept of choice for residents	
Establish a "building consent ombudsman" to speed up regulation	
Agree with protecting arable land from development	
Reduce regulations — encourage more local innovation	
stering strong communities/Improve walkability, wellbeing	
Recognise the significant role of marae in Kāpiti Protost unique sulture and identitu of Kāpiti	
Protect unique culture and identity of Kāpiti	
Consideration of how people will work/live/play in same space	
Need to define what "strong communities" means	
Consider the ageing population	
Enable elderly, young and hapu to stay in Kāpiti	
Concerns that the crime rate will increase	
Council's agenda does not align with the community's	
Support is needed for those who need it	
More schools needed	
her priorities needed/suggestions	
Align the strategy with amendments to the RMA	
Local community outcome statements are not out of date	
Revise community outcomes to reflect NPS-UD	
Flexible/adaptable/holistic approach needed	
Growth principles need to align with district plan rules	
Strategy should consider Kāpiti's role in a regional context	
Natural hazard resistance	

"Priority needs to be given to enhancing the ability of the elderly, young adults and hapu to stay living in their communities. This would include ensuring new developments include affordable housing that is future proofed to ensure it is suitable for the elderly and disabled."

Fostering strong communities/Improve walkability, wellbeing

Table 12: (Q6) Have you any views on our growth principles, or our priorities and aspirations? Continued

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
Encouraging low	r-carbon living/achieve climate neutral living	7
	Prioritise environmentally sustainable development	6
	Protection and restoration of the natural environment	3
	Promote green development	2
	Do not develop in high-risk areas	2
	Densely populated areas are more sustainable	1
General agreem	ent with principles/priorities/aspirations	6
Embracing the o	pportunities of growth/be prosperous and productive	5
	Establish the District Services Partnership Group	2
	Good planning should not be focused on property values	1
	More focus on economic growth needed	1
	Methods required for attracting businesses	1
Valuing our envi	ironment	3
	Prioritise environmental sustainability	3
Supporting man	a whenua aspirations/keep, protect, enhance	2
	Recognise the rangatiratanga of hapū and iwi	2
	Work with mana whenua to ensure culturally competent leadership	1

"This should be in tandem with a solid and effective approach to attract businesses."

Embracing the opportunities of growth/be prosperous and productive

"While I understand that there are more people moving this way, and that housing is needed, I think we need to seriously think about what that looks like and HOW we go about it. I think all of us realise the way things have been done has not served us nor the planet we depend on. So before we rush into development and building let us collectively consider what are our values and principles to guide any changes? What does a vibrant, healthy, and liveable community mean to us? Can we do things differently using the best of technology AND integrating with nature in a way that benefits people, plants and planet? For example, can we make it a requirement to use non-toxic cement mixes, can we require that wash-off from building sites be treated so they do not harm our living environment, can we support and enable homes to have solar power installed and be built to passive-housing standards, can we encourage and actively support rooftop and green-wall gardens, can we design into our community food forests, and can we build around and in line with our natural world so we keep and protect our wetlands, biodiversity, and beaches. Can we make sure our children can still safely play, move and create in our natural outdoor spaces? Transition and change is inevitable but we CAN do it in a way that is beautiful and retains...even improves, our community life."

Valuing our environment

"Recognise the rangatiratanga of hapū and iwi in relation to their land and waterways, and how this can be exercised to better manage the sustainable use of these resources."

Supporting mana whenua aspirations/keep, protect, enhance

5.4 Our proposed approach

Council have put together a proposed approach to enable sustainable growth. Work undertaken by Council has shown that 'growing well' in Kāpiti could be achieved by:

- growing both up and out, with a mix of intensification and greenfield development
- protecting, enhancing and living sensitively with the beautiful whenua, wai, natural habitats and green spaces
- offering different kinds of homes with more affordable options for how people live (including papakāinga, apartments and semi-detached and terraced houses)
- revitalising centres: encouraging more mixed uses, places to connect and a bigger range of businesses and services to support people's everyday needs to live, work and play in Kāpiti
- improving access and transport options, making communities more connected and accessible, and reducing Kāpiti's carbon footprint
- protecting spaces for business, industry and highly productive rural areas.

5.4.1 (Q7) Do you think our proposed approach will help us achieve good growth?

60% (n=54) of submissions agreed that the proposed approach would help achieve good growth, while 40% (n=36) disagreed (Figure 9). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 13.

Figure 9: (Q7) Do you think our proposed approach will help us achieve good growth?



Table 13: (Q7) Do you think our proposed approach will help us achieve good growth? by location

	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	57% 4	67% 6	65% 11	32% 18	20% 1	43% 3	67% 4	18% 7	37% 54
No	29%	33%	29%	21%	60%	43%	17%	18%	25%
	2	3	5	12	3	3	1	7	36
Not	14%	0%	6%	46%	20%	14%	17%	63%	38%
answered	1	0	1	26	1	1	1	24	55

5.4.2 (Q8) If yes, how?

Indications of how the proposed approach will help to achieve good growth are presented in Table 14.

The most common reasons for agreement were:

- Growing up intensification in Kāpiti would help achieve good growth (n=11) by reducing carbon emissions (n=5)
- Offering different/affordable homes would help achieve good growth (n=11), will increase and diversify the housing market as well as the rates base (n=7)
- Improving access and transport options would help achieve good growth (n=7) by double tracking and extending the railway to Ōtaki (n=3)

Main theme Sub themes	Count
Growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	
Densified housing will reduce congestion/carbon emissions	
Growing up will reduce urban sprawl	
Opposed to intensification along the shoreline	
Provided high-rises do not encroach upon rural/suburban areas	
Consider greater heights and spatial application	
Reconsideration for development of multi-storey units	
Support for 15-minute neighbourhoods	
Densification can lead to better liveability	
Increased densification may lead to the development of slums	
ffering different/affordable homes	
Will increase and diversify housing market/rates base	
The proposed approach introduces choice into the market	
Remove 'existing' from 'existing urban areas'— for future areas	
Amend to 'enabling housing choice, type and sizes'	
Allow for infill housing	
Include linkages between principles ie choice and affordability	
Infill puts pressure on infrastructure	i
Ensure quality homes are built	
It is possible to densify with only 1 story buildings	
ieneral support	
General support for the approach	
Infrastructure	
Lack of infrastructure is a barrier	Ī
Improve health services	
Align the proposal with changes in national legislation	
Meaningful consultation with residents needed	ī
The proposal might lead to good growth	
mproving access and transport options	
Support double tracking/extension of the railway to Ōtaki	
Reduction in vehicle numbers needed	
Improved accessibility and transport options to and from school	
Utilise/retain the airport	
Improve/develop parking	
Active transport in Ōtaki	
rotecting/enhancing/living sensitively with nature/land	
Environmental improvements Inclusion of open spaces and natural corridors	
Utilise local food production	
Eco-friendly/designed for climate developments	
Revitalising centres	
Provide incentives for relocating to the area	
By giving developers/businesses/communities choice	
The focus on under 65's will revitalise the area	
Need for communal outdoor spaces with natural shade	<u>L</u>
Growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	!
Will unlock/repurpose land to allow for more housing	
99 & 103 SH1 should be high priority greenfield area	

5.4.3 (Q9) If no, what are your concerns?

Reasons for how the proposed approach will not help achieve good growth are presented in Table 15 and Table 16.

The most common reasons for disagreement were:

- General opposition was expressed (n=14), as the evidence and decision making in the proposal will not lead to good growth (n=6)
- Growing up intensification in Kāpiti would not lead to good growth (n=13), as it will negatively impact the character and lifestyle of the district (n=7)
- Improving access and transport options would not lead to good growth (n=9) because the provision of infrastructure for active travel is needed (n=3)

Table 15: (Q9) Do you think our proposed	approach will help us achieve good gro	owth? — If no, what are your concerns?
1 abie 201 (QD) 20 you think out proposed		

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
General opposit	ion	14
	Question decision making/evidence used in the proposal	
	Council's approach does not reflect what community values	
	Retain localised planning rules - esp. Waikanae	
	Concerns regarding legislative changes impacting plan	
	Concern poor town planning in the past will be repeated	
	Infrastructure limitations	
	The approach does not account for infrastructural limitations	
	Growth will compound the problem of lack of health services	
	Planning needs to consider other variables that may change	
	More thorough population forecasting needed	
	Flexible planning that can pivot to changes needed	
	Changes in migration need to be planned for	
	The plan must be inclusive of the elderly, young and hapu	
	Hospital service or tertiary institutions are not necessary	
Growing up — ir	itensification in Kāpiti	1
	Development will negatively impact character/lifestyle	
	Opposed to growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	
	Opposed to growing up — intensification in Paraparaumu	
	Opposed to growing up — intensification of Raumati beach	I
	Opposed to growing up — intensification in Raumati South	I
	Opposed to growing up — intensification of Ōtaki	
	Land in Paraparaumu not zoned for housing development	
	Intensification is not as lucrative as greenfield development	
	The majority of areas identified are Māori owned land	I
	Concerns with intensification in areas prone to disaster	1
	Intensification will not occur quickly enough for objectives	- I
	Intensification near an expressway increases carbon emissions	

"Growing up is totally inappropriate for our region. Intensification is also unnecessary and an inferior way to live."

Opposed to Growing up — intensification in Kāpiti

"Need to build separated cycle lanes (not shared with pedestrians) between major destinations now before growth occurs. E.g. Otaki beach to train station - needs dedicated cycle lane all the way - and not just painted lines on the road. If we want higher density then need to make it easier to not have a car."

Provision of infrastructure for active travel is necessary

"The Council's approach to sustainable growth needs foremost to reflect what the community values most about living on the Kapiti Coast and take into account the district's natural features and hazards (e.g. flood and tsunami zones)."

Question decision making/evidence used in proposal

Aain theme Sub themes	Count
proving access and transport options	
Provision of infrastructure for active travel is necessary	
Transport provision remains a barrier to movement	
Provision of district-wide public transport needed	
Transport routes to train stations needed	
Free/discounted public transport for youth	
Amend plan to allow for multi-level parking	
Concern over lack of proposed parking for electric cars	
Concern regarding loss of airport space	
Road links between Waikanae and Peka Peka	
Consideration for future rail locations	
Need to include scope for future transport development	
Heavy focus on transport with changing working arrangements	
rowing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	
Opposed to growing out — greenfields development in Kāpiti	
Opposed to any development on greenfields	
No growth to foreshore green spaces	
Developers will favour greenfield as the easier option	
Rezoning and reclassification	
Disagreement with priority ratings	
Zoning rules inhibit the ability to utilise peri-urban areas	
Opportunity to provide lifestyle blocks as well	
Consider greenfield development and infill planning as one	
Reconsider need for private vehicle use in peri-urban/rural	
rotecting/enhancing/living sensitively with nature/land	
Approach does not address environmental stressors	
Increased growth will increase environmental impacts	
Facilitate local awareness of environmental concerns	
Guidance on sustainable coastal development needed	
Must include the provision of green spaces in development	
Transparency around environmental impacts from development	
Include provision of environmentally friendly infrastructure	
Must include pollution reduction strategies	<u>I</u>
Approach does not adequately deal with climate change impacts	
Planning for climate migration and managed retreat needed	
Specific timeframes/plans for achieving environmental outcomes	
Value mana whenua aspirations in relation to the environment	
Approach does not detail what future sustainability will be	
Offering different/affordable homes	
Development in Waikanae/Paekākāriki increase traffic congestion	
Affordable may not lead to good growth	
Facilitate developer partnerships for housing delivery	
Develop infill and greenfield to facilitate provision of choice	
Consultation with youth is needed when planning future housing	
Inclusion of youth support in housing	
evitalising our centres	
Ideas and planning	
Development in urban areas is not incentivised/attractive	
Encourage mixed use in Paraparaumu	I
More detail required on how this will make communities stronger	
Prioritise enticing businesses to the area	
Promote local mana whenua art	
Some local centres are subject to more restrictive planning	
Strategy needed for the development of Waikanae town centre	
Support for ancillary uses of local centres (Waikanae Beach)	
Use Waikanae Park as a focal point for development	
Value mana whenua aspirations in relation to community	
Infrastructure	
Develop diverse learning and working spaces	
Need for business hubs not addressed	
Include provision of youth spaces	
Include provision of public sun shelters	
The provision of walkways and green spaces is needed	
Infrastructure provision in Paraparaumu needs consideration	1
Health/education provision needs certainty to spark growth	

Table 16: (Q9) Do you think our proposed approach will help us achieve good growth? — If no, what are your concerns? Continued

5.5 Growing up — Intensification

Growing up will bring scale and accessibility to services in Kāpiti centres, supporting greater retail, entertainment and business opportunities while creating walkable neighbourhoods where people can connect. It will also help meet government requirements for intensification and housing choice and help us manage the amount we need to grow out to meet future housing needs, while keeping urban areas compact. Council are proposing to achieve this balance by intensifying around existing centres:

- enabling the development of up to 12 storeys within central Paraparaumu and up to 6 storeys within 800m (about 10 minutes walk) of central Paraparaumu
- enabling up to 6 storeys within 800m (about 10 minutes walk) of railway stations at Paekākāriki, Paraparaumu and Waikanae
- enabling up to 6 storeys within town centres at Raumati Beach, Paraparaumu Beach, Waikanae and Ōtaki, and up to 4 storeys within 400m (5 minutes walk) of these centres
- enabling up to 4 storeys within 200m (a short walk) of local centres at Raumati South, Kena Kena, Meadows Precinct and Waikanae Beach
- enabling up to 3 storeys and increased densities in suburban areas
- 5.5.1 (Q10) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well?

37% (n=46) of submissions agreed that these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help Kāpiti to grow well, while 63% (n=78) disagreed (Figure 10). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 17.

Figure 10: (Q10) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well?



Includes not answered



	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	57% 4	33% 3	65% 11	25% 14	40% 2	29% 2	67% 4	16% 6	32% 46
No	29%	67%	29%	70%	60%	43%	17%	50%	54%
NO	2	6	5	39	3	3	1	19	78
Not	14%	0%	6%	5%	0%	29%	17%	34%	14%
answered	1	0	1	3	0	2	1	13	21

Table 17: (Q10) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well? by location

5.5.2 (Q11) If yes, how?

Indications of how the heights and levels of intensification will help Kāpiti grow well are presented in Table 18 and Table 19.

The most common reasons for agreement were:

- General support for the proposal (n=39) and intensifying Kāpiti (n=23)
- 12 storeys in central Paraparaumu 6 storeys within 800m (n=6), with consideration for higher (n=2) and lower (n=2) level storeys suggested
- 6 storeys in town centres and 4 storeys within 400m (n=3), with consideration for higher storeyed buildings (n=1)

Table 18: (Q11) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well? — If yes, how?

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
General support		39
	Support growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	23
	Will introduce affordable housing/choice into the market	4
	Improve change toward low carbon region	4
	Will help reduce the number of vehicles on the road	2
	Intensification will allow for land preservation	3
	Will improve the connectivity of the population	2
	Will rejuvenate the town centre	2
	Will benefit future generations	2
	Support growing up — intensification in Ōtaki	1
	But do not build on the coastline	1
	Support growing up — intensification in Paekākāriki	1
	Will address the needs of the increasing population	1
	It will allow residents to remain in the area as it grows	1
	Will utilise underutilised land around town centres	1
	Allows for population growth in specific areas with amenities	1
	Improve access to services/opportunities	
	More information needed on what densified communities look like	
	Good growth subject to	22
	Governing development	
	The proposal needs aligning with new national legislation	4
	Allow minor houses on 700m2 section (not 900m2) without RC	:
	Consideration for mental health associated with high density	1
	Socialising communities to the norms of high density living	
	Enticing businesses to foster town centres	:
	Revision of indicative densities in the proposal	:
	Continuous consultation needed	:
	The possibility of rental controls	1

Table 19: (Q11) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well? — If yes, how? Continued

Transser + + /:	nfractructure and the second	
Transport/T	nfrastructure	
	Develop infrastructure at pace with growth	
	Increased pedestrian infrastructure	
	Increased transport and parking needed	
	Increased/improved public transport	
	Active transport options	
	Intensification near railway stations	
	Paekākāriki	
	Waikanae	
	Intensification shouldn't be entirely centred around expressway	
	Minimise parking to reduce private vehicle usage	
Types of de	evelopment	_
	Development that conforms to current character/aesthetic	
	Sufficient densification is possible with just 1-2 storeys	
	Phased development	
Heights, ca	tchments and zoning	
	Allow for smaller homes, e.g. granny flats, tiny homes	
	Allow infill housing	
	Allow mixed use in high density areas	
	Heights in commercial zones complementary to residential	
	Incentivise developers to increase beyond 3 storeys	
	Spaces for community connection — town squares	
	Will enable growth but increased height subject to regulations	
Environme	ntal considerations	
	Eco-friendly/designed for climate developments	
2 storeys in central Paraparaumu 6 sto	reys within 800m	
Consideration for de	evelopment higher than 12 storeys	
Reconsider the 12 st	orey height — too high	
Support, but enable	mixed use development-10 storeys/5 min walk	
Increased traffic cal	ming will be needed in central Paraparaumu	
Between Paraparau	mu motorway and the library only	
storeys in town centres and 4 storeys	within 400m	
Increase to allow 6 s	toreys within 800m	
Opposed to growing	gup — intensification in Waikanae	
Prefer only 3 storeys	s in Waikanae	
storeys around Paekākāriki/Paraparau	umu/Waikanae rail stations	
Support with the ad	dition of buffer zones	
All multiple storeye	d buildings should be near train stations	
Increase area		
storeys within 200m of local centres		
10-minute walk app	lied to all local centres	
Allow 3 storeys in su	irrounding areas	
Include Ōtaki Beach	as a local centre	
Local centres are les	s likely to be developed in the long-term	
storeys/increased densities in suburb		

5.5.3 (Q12) If no, what alternatives should we consider?

For those who said no and proposed alternatives for consideration, these are presented in Table 20 and Table 21.

The most common reasons for disagreement were:

- 4 storeys within 200m of local centres (n=42), opposition to rezoning/intensification in Waikanae Beach (n=37), suggesting development in Ngārara as an alternative (n=8)
- Heights, catchments and zoning (n=13), with support for greenfield development only in Kāpiti (n=4)
- 6 storeys in town centres within 400m (n=12), development should not occur due to environmental impacts (n=3)

Table 20: (Q12) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well? — If no, what alternatives should we consider?

storeys within 200m of local centres			
Opposed to rezoning/intensification in Waikanae Beach			
Waikanae Beach is prone to flooding, and therefore, unsuitable			
Development will not conform to current character/aesthetic			
Infrastructure development will be costly/disruptive			
Current road infrastructure unable to support growth			
Current stormwater infrastructure unable to support g	rowth		
Increased wastewater infrastructure needed		Ī	
Waikanae Beach is a tsunami zone, and therefore, unsuitable			
Waikanae Beach cannot be described as a commercial centre			
Opposed to growing up - Te Moana/Ono St. intersectio	on		
Consider other areas			
Develop Ngarara instead of Waikanae Beach			
Consider Nga Manu subdivision instead of Waikanae B	each	Ē	
Would negate community values and wishes			
Will increase traffic/limit parking		i	
Lack of public transport to Waikanae Beach		ī	
More services at Waikanae Beach draws business away from centre		i	
Will cast shadows/impact light		i	
Waikanae Beach is not a 'large catchment'		Ī	
Land ownership is not conducive to intensification			
No housing gain for newly renovated properties			
Development will increase pressure on rainwater reserves			
Impacts related to cars driving on the beach			
4 storeys should be the maximum allowable height		I	
Opposed to 4 storey development in Kāpiti		i	
Allow only small developments in Kena Kena			
Will not enact 'low carbon living'			
Will not enact 'valuing our environment'			
er alternatives			
Heights, catchments and zoning			
Support growing out — greenfield development only in Kāpiti			
2 storeys should be the maximum allowable height		- i	
Building up is targeting the elite or building ghettos		i	
Base heights on Wellington City Growth Scenario Report		i i	
4 storeys should be the maximum allowable height			
Zoning for development of papakāinga			
Multi-storey buildings confined to new developments			
Incentivise infill of existing properties			
Buffer zones between different story dwellings			
Relaxation of building restrictions on lifestyle blocks			
Types of developments			
Development that does not change character/lifestyles			
Building socially nurturing communities			
Consider maintaining the status quo		•	
Environmental considerations		I	
Development that does not cast shadows/impact light			
Consider the possibility and impact of natural disasters			
Intensify inland only — the risk of tsunamis	Paraparaumu	<u> </u>	
	Waikanae		
	Ōtaki		
The state of the software to block	Oldki	<u> </u>	
The risk of liquefaction is high			
Eco-friendly development			
Developing on suitable ground			
All developments fitted to capture water			

Table 21: (Q12) Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well? — If no, what alternatives should we consider? Continued

Main theme	Sub themes	Count
	Governing development	
	Clarity needed on borders of intensification zones	
	Provision of utilities and infrastructure	
	Preference for a phased introduction	
	Proposed areas are not properly planned/random	
	Growth in partnership with local iwi	
	Presenting the risks and disadvantages	
	A tailored local approach to development is needed	
	Areas to develop/not to develop	
	Building up only in main town centres	
	Focus upward growth around existing transport hubs only	
	Paraparaumu	
	Paekākāriki	
	Waikanae	
storeys in towr	n centres and 4 storeys within 400m	
	Development should not occur due to environmental impacts	
	Do not intensify Paekākāriki — environmental impacts	
	Do not intensify Ōtaki — infrastructure insufficient	Ī
	Do not intensify Waikanae — environmental impacts	
	Do not intensify Raumati — environmental impacts	
	Do not intensify Paraparaumu — environmental impacts	
	Do not intensify Te Horo — environmental impacts	
	Opposed to development/impact of development in Raumati	
	General opposition to 6 storeys at Paekākāriki	
	Prefer 3-4 storeys in the town centre	■
	General opposition to 6 storeys at Raumati Beach	
	General opposition to 6 storeys at Paraparaumu Beach	
	Prefer 3 levels with basement parking for Waikanae	
	4 storeys in town centres is reasonable	
	6 storeys should be the maximum allowable height	
	6 storeys for Waikanae is too high	
	Will limit parking availability	
	With the condition of open space buffer zones	
	3 storeys should be the maximum allowable height	
z storeys in cen	tral Paraparaumu 6 storeys within 800m	
	Reconsider the 12 storey height — too high	
	6 storeys should be the maximum allowable height	
	4 storeys should be the maximum allowable height	
	12 storeys will not conform to current character/aesthetic	
	Increased danger from earthquakes	
	Do not intensify Paraparaumu — environmental impacts	
storeys/increas	sed densities in suburban areas	
	3 storeys should be the maximum allowable height	
	In Paekākāriki	
	May affect privacy/light/mental health	
	Will not cast shadows/impact light	
ailway stations	— 6 storeys within 800m	
	Electrification/double tracking not sufficient for growth	
	Opposite effect — increase in car usage to access facilities	
	Paekākāriki station is too close to the suburbs	
	Paekākāriki wastewater system cannot support intensification	
	Paekākāriki water supply cannot support intensification	

"As long-time owners / residents of Rangihiroa Street, Waikanae Beach, we are shocked and concerned at the proposed Growth Strategy for the Kapiti Coast, and in particular, the Waikanae Beach area and the possible rezoning of land surrounding the Te Moana Road site."

Opposed to rezoning/intensification in Waikanae Beach
5.6 Growing out — Greenfield growth

To meet Councils' population projections, in addition to the focus on intensification, Council's approach to sustainable growth includes enabling future potential greenfield development areas. Council has identified a range of potential areas close to existing urban areas, providing accessible and connected future communities. These areas would become available for development in a staged manner over the next 30 years.

5.6.1 (Q13) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth?

55% (n=52) of submissions agreed that the scale of the proposed greenfield areas is suitable for supporting good growth, while 45% (n=43) disagreed (Figure 11). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 22.

Figure 11: (Q13) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth?



Table 22: (Q13) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth? by location

	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	14%	56%	65%	34%	60%	29%	67%	18%	36%
	1	5	11	19	3	2	4	7	52
No	71%	44%	29%	20%	40%	71%	33%	24%	30%
	5	4	5	11	2	5	2	9	43
Not	14%	0%	6%	46%	0%	0%	0%	58%	34%
answered	1	0	1	26	0	0	0	22	50

5.6.2 (Q14) If yes, how?

Indications of how the locations and scale of the proposed greenfield will support good growth are presented in Table 23.

The most common reasons for agreement were:

- Support for locations and scale (n=29) as they are close to transport routes (n=8)
- Good growth is conditional upon infrastructure development (n=14)

lain theme Sub themes	Count
upport for locations and scale	
Locations identified are close to transport routes	
Greenfield developments near Waikanae station	
Limit greenfield developments to railway stations	
Support higher density development	
Support Wakanae development	
Allow medium to lower density housing as well	
99 & 103 SH1 should be High Priority Greenfield Area	
Te Manuao Road, Ōtaki, is ready for development	
Support Ōtaki development	
Densification of existing housing	
General support for locations and scale	
Protects highly productive land	
Develops unproductive land	ī
Establish smaller villages on unused land in Te Horo	
Areas are suitable for resilient development	
New areas will allow for infrastructure to be developed at pace	
Support protecting business/industry/productive land	
od growth, subject to	
Infrastructure development	
Develop infrastructure at pace with growth	
Timing of development based on infrastructure provision	
Ötaki lacks infrastructure	
Increased rail infrastructure/connections	
	-
Extending and electrifying rail to Ōtaki Increased road infrastructure/connections	-
	-
Road links between Waikanae and Peka Peka	
Motorway off and on-ramps - Kapiti Road and Te Moana Road	
Increased/improved public transport	
Automated public transport service	
Increased infrastructure for active travel needed	
Greenfield development needs to have good connectivity	
Governing development	
Consideration of public health and safety	
Climate change	
Previous use of the land	
Consideration of runoff to Ōtaki river/Waitohu stream	
Evidence and triggers for development need to be defined	
Faster implementation	
Limit commercial and industrial development in residential area	
More options for alternative shopping	
Plan greenfield/Ōtaki development in conjunction with	
Kāpiti-Horowhenua Growth Planning project	
Ōtaki Structure Planning project	
WRLC	
Reducing speed on Old SH1 for active travel	
Types of developments	
Development that does not change character/lifestyles	
Does not mirror Paraparaumu	
In Hautere	
In Te Horo	- i
Minimise lighting in rural areas	
Maintaining green/open areas	
In Te Horo	
Eco-friendly/designed for climate developments	-
Do not build in areas subject to coastal erosion and flooding	-

Table 23: (Q14) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth? — If yes, how?

"Well thought through putting these near the transport corridor heading north."

Locations identified are close to transport routes

5.6.3 (Q15) If no, what alternatives should we consider?

Disagreement with the proposed alternatives for consideration is presented in Table 24 and Table 25.

A wide array of alternatives were suggested. They included:

- Proposed heights, catchments and zoning (n=24), reclassify WB-03 (n=1), WB-02 (n=1) and Peka Peka Farm (n=1) as Priority Group 1 sites
- Environmental considerations associated with growing out (n=14), rather use available land for managed retreat (n=1)

"I believe we will want to be seeing more High-priority and Medium-priority growth-out areas. There are still plenty of people who are looking for a stand-alone house to buy, and we will need more areas than are currently indicated on the map. For example, Te Horo and Peka Peka hasn't been identified for anything, yet there is significant blocks of usable land available in this area."

Support growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti

"I'm not in favour of already dwindling green spaces being destroyed. Urban densification and apartment living should take priority. There's actually very little that's green or environmentally friendly about greenfield development."

Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti

"There will be few if any supporters of 2-3 storied residential units in Kapiti. Residents did not come to live in Kapiti to be surrounded by condos or apartment blocks."

Development will not conform to current character/aesthetic

"Most of the proposed greenfield areas are totally suitable - and understand the rationale for having them close to the train stations. However one of the high-density greenfield areas proposed is extremely close to the Waikanae River, which may impact the Waikane River Restoration project. It would be highly valuable to speak with those working on the project on ways to ensure there is no impact by both the construction and finished builds. Things to consider in these areas could include having gravel/stone driveways to reduce stormwater runoff. Also specific planting that could happen prior to construction beginning that can help reduce and runoff reaching the river itself and other catchments."

Environmental considerations

Table 24: (Q15) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth? — If no, what alternatives should we consider?

ghts, catchments and zoning		
Support growing out — greenfield developm	ont in Kāniti	
2 storeys should be the maximum all	•	
Future land needs to be available po	5	
Greenfield developments must be si	•	
Many residents still want a house wi		
-	-	
Peka Peka Farm reclassified as Priori	· · ·	
	ral system and infrastructure requirements	
•	connect with expressway cycleway	
	posed to have open spaces for community	
	posed to have a distinctive/memorable character	
-	ctive travel corridor connections	
Aspires to enhance	ce/regenerate ecological sites	
Ensures connectiv	vity through urban design	
Provides for iden	tified cultural and historical features	
Ensures transport	connectivity	
Ensures environm	nental responsiveness	
Ensures communi	ity is connected with established neighbourhoods	
Enables efficient	and integrated use of land	
Complements exi	isting urban development	
Delivers a variety	of housing types/opportunities	
Provides housing	capacity for expected housing demands	
Site WB-02 to be reclassified as a Prio	ority Group 1 site	
Can be developed	d in consultation with mana whenua	
	icture necessary for development	
	posed to occur on flatter areas of site	
	protect the surrounding natural environment	i
	I help meet proposed principles and objectives	i
· · · · · ·	ting neighbourhoods/linked to activity centres	
	ain transport routes	i
	ossibility of mediating flood risk	i
	ve to being highly productive	i
	atible with development	
-	where open to development	
	sociated with development	
	de high amenity living	
	ated with existing environment	
Well connected to		
	integrated into development	
Site WB-03 to be reclassified as a Price		
-	d in consultation with mana whenua	
	acture necessary for development	
	be undertaken with maintaining heritage	
Development wil	I help meet proposed principles and objectives	
Engineering can h	elp develop steeper areas	
Extension of exist	ting neighbourhoods/linked to activity centres	
Good access to ma	ain transport routes	
Infrastructure for	active travel can reduce carbon footprint	
Investigate the po	ossibility of mediating flood risk	
Land not conduciv	ve to being highly productive	
Land use is compa	atible with development	
	bly open to development	- I
•	can be integrated into development	Í
	sociated with development	i
	de high amenity living	i
· · · · · ·	ated with existing environment	- i
Well connected to	-	
Suitable land in Paekākāriki for gree		i

Table 25: (Q15) Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth? — If no, what alternatives should we consider? Continued

lain theme Sub themes	Count
Support growing out — greenfield development of Tini Town	
No current urban form or local neighbourhood	
No reverse sensitivity	
No natural hazards/land risk in proposed development areas	
No heritage sites on proposed development land	
Land not conducive to being highly productive	
Proposed planning for residential development is comprehensive	
Open space strategy gives options for active travel	
Open space strategy links to landscape/open space values	
Development proposed occurs on flatter areas of site	
Possible enhancements to Muaupoko stream	
Prioritises enhancement of ecological sites	
Sewer connection needed	
Existing water supply	
Good access to main transport routes	
Opportunity for development partnership with Māori	
Creates tourism/business opportunities	
Creates regenerative living opportunities	
Creates open space connectivity	
Can provide a variety of housing types	
Northern extent is well connected and unconstrained	
Develop Tini Village to support growth	
Support growing out — greenfield development Ōtaki North	
Increased housing to support Ōtaki golf course/community	
Development/access to walkways/cycleways around lagoon	
Create an environment for native wildlife to return to area	
Proportion of land will be dedicated to native plants	
Restoration of wetlands/drains/Ngatotara lagoon	i i
Employment benefits from aged care facility employment	i
Short to medium term development at greenfield scale	i
Development of a retirement/lifestyle village	
Support growing up — intensification only in Kāpiti	
Support growing up — intensification east of Waikanae golf club	
Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	
Build new local centre in Ngārara subdivision instead	
Opposed to assessment used to determine viable greenfields	i
In Paekākāriki	
Greenfield development not suitable in Paekākāriki	i
Potential to create ribbon developments	
New urban areas will not necessarily encourage businesses	
Reconsider priority area zoning	
Based on suitability of land for safe development	
Opposed to developing on Māori owned land	
nvironmental considerations	
Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	
Growing out has higher environmental impacts	
Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Waikanae	
Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Te Horo Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Paraparaumu	
Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Raumati	
Do not use arable land for development	
Northern Waikanae	
Setting of environmental standards and limits necessary	
Use available land for managed retreat	
The impact of development on river restoration projects	
Eco-friendly development	
ypes of developments	
Development will not conform to current character/aesthetic	
Nore information needed	

5.6.4 (Q16) Do you think our proposed approach gives us a good mix between intensification and greenfield development to grow well?

55% (n=43) of submissions agreed that the proposed approach would give a good mix between intensification and greenfield development to grow well, while 45% (n=35) disagreed (Figure 12). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 26.

Figure 12: (Q16) Do you think our proposed approach gives us a good mix between intensification and greenfield development to grow well?



Table 26: (Q16) Do you think our proposed approach gives us a good mix between intensification and greenfield development to grow well? by location

	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	29% 2	44% 4	53% 9	30% 17	40% 2	29% 2	33% 2	13% 5	30% 43
No	43%	56%	41%	18%	40%	29%	33%	11%	24%
Not	3 29%	5 0%	7 6%	10 52%	2 20%	2 43%	2 33%	4 76%	35 46%
answered	2	0	1	29	1	3	2	29	67

5.6.5 (Q17) If you have any views, please comment here:

Views expressed are presented in Table 27. The most common views were:

- The proposed approach does not give a good mix to grow well (n=22), due to the proposed heights, catchments and zoning (n=15)
- Suggestions for a good mix were also offered (n=17), such as improving or changing the governance of development (n=12)
- The proposed approach does give a good mix to grow well (n=13) because of the proposed governance of development (n=5)

Table 27: (Q17) Do you think our proposed approach gives us a good mix between intensification and greenfield development to grow well? —If you have any views, please comment here:

Main theme Sub themes	
roposed approach does not give a good mix to grow well	
Heights, catchments and zoning Opposed to growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	
Opposed to growing up — interstitution in Rapiti Opposed to growing out — greenfield development in Kāpiti	
Negative impact on the environment Focus on growing up — intensification only in Kāpiti	
	_
Prior to greenfield development	
Focus on growing out — greenfields development only in Kāpiti In and around Ōtaki	
In and around Otaki	
In and around Nga Manu Greater focus on growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	
Development will not conform to current character/aesthetic	
•	
Zoning does not reflect any consultation/community focus	
Governing development	
Growing well subject to alignment with amendments to RMA	
Analysis of negative aspects of the proposal needed	I
Environmental considerations	I
Mazengarb subject to flood risk/lacks stormwater infrastructure	
The land cannot sustain continued development	
uggestions	
Governing development	
To grow well — develop infrastructure prior to development	
Phase development to intensify urban areas before greenfield	
Do not develop the Kāpiti Gateway	
Approaches require more future-focus	
Phase development to intensify greenfield areas before urban	
Plans to ensure owner-occupied homes/not increased investment	
Growing well necessitates focusing on tourism not development	
Population growth will increase demand on/and need for airport	
Address health services in Ötaki	
Address infrastructure in Ötaki	
lwi consultation needed in Ötaki	
Heights, catchments and zoning	
6 storeys maximum because of natural disaster risk	
99 & 103 SH1 should be High Priority Greenfield Area	
Reduce height of storeys to limit impact on neighbouring houses	
Reclassify area north of Waikanae from medium to high priority	
Reclassify Lindale from medium to high priority	
Environmental considerations	
Growing well entails more development for low carbon lifestyles	
River conservation needed in Ōtaki	
Clarify what will happen if large areas are deemed climate risk	
roposed approach gives a good mix to grow well	
Governing development	
Subject to good planning	
Focus on development-ready projects i.e. Meadows Precinct	
But, the strategy needs clear direction and detail	
Heights, catchments and zoning	
2 storeys should be the maximum allowable height for greenfield	
Multi-storey should be permitted in greenfield developments	
Subject to no growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	
Yes, but increase walkable catchment to 20 minutes	
Types of developments	
Will facilitate the supply of affordable housing	
Environmental considerations	

5.7 Our plan for implementing our proposed approach

Council will develop a comprehensive plan for implementing their proposed approach. Council have identified the main parts based on the information that they have at present. Council will engage with the community on these as they get into them or through the next Long-term Plan. Council will report on all parts of the implementation through council meetings and the Annual Report, including updates if anything major changes.

5.7.1 (Q18) Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti?

64% (n=67) of submissions agreed there are other important factors that Council needs to consider to achieve good growth, while 36% (n=37) disagreed (Figure 13). Responses are broken down by submitters location in Table 28.

Figure 13: (Q18) Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti?



Table 28: (Q18) Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti? by location

	Paekākāriki n = 7	Raumati n = 9	Paraparaumu n = 17	Waikanae n = 56	Te Horo n = 5	Ōtaki n = 7	Outside of Kāpiti n = 6	Not answered n = 38	Total n = 145
Yes	86% 6	67% 6	76% 13	41% 23	60% 3	43% 3	67% 4	24% 9	46% 67
No	14%	22%	18%	23%	20%	43%	33%	32%	26%
NO	1	2	3	13	1	3	2	12	37
Not	0%	11%	6%	36%	20%	14%	0%	45%	28%
answered	0	1	1	20	1	1	0	17	41

5.7.2 (Q19) If you have any views, please comment here:

For submissions who said yes, the other important factors mentioned are summarised in Table 29 and Table 30.

The most common views were:

- Planning our infrastructure needs (n=33), with transport being an important factor (n=20)
- Exploring housing opportunities (n=13), and the need for an assessment of housing and business land capacity (n=6)
- Valuing the environment (n=10), with a focus on eco-friendly development (n=7)

Table 29: (Q19) Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti? — If you have any views, please comment here:

Aain theme Sub themes	Count
lanning our infrastructure needs	
Transport	
Increased infrastructure for active travel needed	
In Ōtaki	
Increased rail infrastructure/connections	
Progressing the LNIRIM business case	
Retain the Kāpiti airport	
Increased road infrastructure/connections	
Develop infrastructure for greenfield in North Waikanae	
Increased and improved public transport	
Water	
Increased water supply necessary	
Facilitate rainwater collection	
3 waters reforms may add additional strain	
Improve water quality and monitoring	
Incorporation of 3 waters	
Improve the efficiency of water storage facilities	
Health	
Affordable health care needed	
Continued investment needed for doctors and social services	
Development of a hospital needed	
General infrastructure improvements needed	
Stormwater and coastal	
Develop/improve flood/stormwater infrastructure	
Management of flooding on Mazengarb and Otiahunga	
Education	
More schools needed	
Develop infrastructure at pace with growth	
Telecommunications	
Increased internet connectivity and speed	
Eco-friendly infrastructure needed	
xploring housing opportunities	
Assessment of housing and business land capacity	
Avoid urban sprawl	
Explore mixed housing development	
Explore infill as a possibility	
99 & 103 SH1 should be High Priority Greenfield Area	
Without business development there will be a lack of jobs	
Approach to business development needs to be proactive	
General comments	
Ensure affordability of housing	
Capacitate local whanua to buy land and develop papakāinga	
Ensure development is fit for the market (elderly buyers)	
Intensification meets housing needs	
Social housing	
Support more social housing opportunities	
Strategic land purchases Actively seek land to buy/not wait for opportunities	<u> </u>

"Maintain a proactive approach to delivery, - it just won't happen, it needs to be facilitated. Avoid sprawl, insist on balanced communities with the required facilities, open space, well landscaped, superfast broadband, and facilitate active travel options."

Exploring housing opportunities

Table 30: (Q19) Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti? — If you have any views, please comment here continued:

Main theme Sub themes	Count
Valuing the environment	
Eco-friendly development Self-sustaining developments needed	
Increased solar panels	
Preservation/restoration of the natural environment	
Protection for biodiversity	
Support/fund pest control	
Exclude vehicles from Ōtaki beach (except for boat launches) Enabling quality development	
Development that conforms to current character/aesthetic	
Development that conforms to current lifestyle —Te Horo/Hautere	
Minimise lighting in rural areas	
Increased disability access	
Opposed to growing up — intensification in Kāpiti	i
Concerns with over-intensification	
Development that benefits future generations	
Build better/improve building standards	
Plan increases the unsustainability of built infrastructure	
nvestigating suitability of land for development	
Resilience to natural disasters/climate change required	
Development to be balanced either side of the highway - Te Horo	
Intensification will reduce ability for food self-sufficiency	i
Further opportunities for community input	
Continuous consultation needed	_
More effort is needed to involve community in consultation	i i
Develop in consultation with mana whenua	i
Ensure there is no discrimination	i i
nvestment and costs	
Encourage govt. and independent business developments	r
Opposed to the sale of Council assets	ī
Partnerships with businesses required	i
Important to make proposals attractive to rate-payers	i
Cost-benefit analysis needed	i
Current funding strategy of government investment unsustainable	i
Capacitate developments with required services and facilities	
Recreational areas are necessary	
Increased playgrounds/open spaces	ī
Utilise Queen Elizabeth park for trail-based sports	ī
Extend pool in the aquatic centre to 50m	i i
Develop an indoor sports facility that can host competitions	i
Establish Mangaone stream as an area for active transport	i
Capacitate development with essential services	
Provision of emergency services	i
Vonitoring and reporting	
Requires being responsive and flexible	Ī
Robust future planning needed	i i
Proactive delivery needed	ī
Jpdating our district plan	
The proposals need to align with amendments to RMA	ī
Plan should focus on transitioning to a Steady-State economy	i
General opposition to the Growing well proposal	i
Council appears to have already decided upon the plan	i
Advocating for our districts needs	
Increased employment opportunities needed	ī
Build for future requirements	i
Natural disaster response planning	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
General comments	<u>_</u>
Enhance te reo Māori in Ōtaki	•
Suspicious of developers	i

5.8 Other feedback

5.8.1 (Q20) If you have any other feedback about how we can grow well, please comment here:

Other feedback received is presented in Table 31 and covered:

- Planning our infrastructure needs (n=15) and developing transport infrastructure (n=8)
- Enabling quality development (n=13) must include publicly accessible green spaces (n=2)
- Further opportunities for community input (n=13) requires more meaningful consultations with residents (n=8)

"More needs to be done to ensure better transport between town centres, particularly Ōtaki and Paekākāriki, and a connection between Levin and Ōtaki."

Planning our infrastructure needs

"It is essential that usable green space is built into any developments. At the moment Otaki has rural land which gives the impression of greenspace. This space is not open to the public and with the increased number of houses proposed, less of it will be evident. Little pockets of green space in the centre of developments might be nice for the residents around it but it adds nothing to the usable green space for all Otaki residents. The park, Chrysallis bend are the only developed green spaces. Otaki Beach needs developed green space too. We need cycleways and walkways, trees for shade and beauty, streams to wander beside and more connections between different parts of Otaki."

Enabling quality development

"Please recognise that the land you are marking up as greenfield spaces, and planning to develop on belongs to the Iwi of this place. Respect that. Ask their guidance and take their advice. Be prepared to do things differently to allow tangata whenua to lead in this space. It will be different to what you are used to. Get comfortable with being ok to doing things differently - even if it does not make sense from your worldview. The world is in a bad bad way. What we have done in the past has not benefited us or our land. Be humble enough to acknowledge that and allow that maybe if we do things differently - maybe if we let Iwi lead this time, then maybe we can have something that will be better for us all in the long run. And be ok with the fact that it will be an uncomfortable journey to start with. Change is needed - and we are growing. So let's do it in a way that does not further damage our land, our people or destroy our unique culture and way of life."

Further opportunities for community input

"We need to provide more employment within our district. This would reduce our carbon footprint as commuting could be reduced."

Fostering strong communities

Table 31: (Q20) If you have any other feedback about how we can grow well, please comment here:

Planning our infra	istructure needs	
our mitu	Transport	
	Increased/improved transport hubs/options	
	Improved transport — Ōtaki to Levin	
	Increased infrastructure for active travel needed	
	Improved transport — Raumati Beach	
	Close down the airport	
	Remove and develop medium to high density housing	
	Retain the Kāpiti airport	
	Infrastructure needs to be developed at pace with growth	
	Waste management infrastructure	
	Increase access to Waikanae green waste depot	
	Reopen Waikanae recycling centre	
	Health	
	Health infrastructure in Ōtaki to develop with growth	
	Education	Ī
	School needed in Waikanae Beach	
	Water	
	Concern regarding Council developing without control of water	
	Wastewater Wastewater infrastructure needed in Paekākāriki	
nobline evelte		
nabling quality d		
	Need for publicly accessible green spaces	
	Ensure densification fits the local aesthetic	
	Opposed to the intensification of Old Waikanae Beach	
	Support development in Ōtaki	
	Development at the end of Te Manuao Rd in Ōtaki	
	Support focus on quality development	
	Allow development on both sides of Greenhill Road	
	Increased intensification will rejuvenate areas	
	Mix greenfield development with intensification	i
	Ensure regulations for development are not too strict	
	Utilise design review panels	
Further opportuni	ities for community input	
	More/meaningful consultation with residents needed	
	-	
	Allow tangata whenua to in-put and lead the process	
	Use the best resident suggested road names for SH1	
	More information on relative pros and cons of the proposal	
	Develop appropriate land use outcomes with landowners	
Governing develo	·	
	Estimates for population increase are too high	
	Need to align planning with that of Greater Wellington	
	Recognise that greenfield land belongs to local lwi	
	Council should undertake joint ventures with developers	
	Provide certainty for developers	
	Flexible, tailored approaches required	i i
	Estimates for population increase are too low	i
	Enabling land use framework to support culture/ecology values	i
	Capital gains tax needed	i
General comment		
	Concerns with the map used	
	Map needs to illustrate Waikanae's town centre clearly	
	Map should include national grid lines	
	Amend map to include 800m walkable catchment around Paraparaumu	<u> </u>
	Map is unclear and needs to be amended	
	Intensification is not as lucrative as greenfield development	- I
	Opposed to Kapiti gateway	
ostering strong c	communities	
	More business/employment opportunities required	
	Make Kāpiti an attractive place to live and work	Ē
	Support for businesses in Ōtaki after bypass in place	i
/aluing our enviro		
	Ensure protection of green spaces	
	Reduce carbon footprint	
	Consider Ötaki river in all planning	I
Enabling choice		
	Affordable housing for fewer occupants needed	<u>I</u>
	Cater for affordable social housing	
	Offer a variety of housing types	
	Opportunity to provide lifestyle blocks as well	

6 Appendices

6.1 Appendix A: Consultation questions

Our challenges and opportunities

- Q1. Have we reflected all the significant challenges and opportunities?
- Q2. If you have any views, please comment here:

Our growth principles, and our priorities and aspirations

- Q3. Do you think these give us the right focus?
- Q4. If yes, why?
- Q5. If no, why?
- Q6. Have you any views on our growth principles, or our priorities and aspirations?

Our proposed approach

Growing well

Q7. Do you think our proposed approach will help us achieve good growth?

Q8. If yes, how?

Q9. If no, what are your concerns?

Growing up – Intensification

Q10. Do you think these heights and levels of intensification around existing centres will help us grow well?

Q11. If yes, how?

Q12. If no, what alternatives should we consider?

Growing out – Greenfield growth

Q13. Are the locations and scale of proposed greenfield areas suitable for supporting good growth?

Q14. If yes, how?

Q15. If no, what alternatives should we consider?

Q16. Do you think our proposed approach gives us a good mix between intensification and greenfield development to grow well?

Q17. If you have any views, please comment here:

Our plan for implementing our proposed approach

Q18. Is there anything else you think is important that we need to do to achieve our approach to good growth for Kāpiti?

Q19. If you have any views, please comment here:

Other feedback

Q20. If you have any other feedback about how we can grow well, please comment here:

Your Details

- Q21. First name
- Q22. Last name
- Q23. Address
- Q24. Email

Iwi affiliation (optional)

Q25. If you identify as Māori, do you wish to state the iwi with which you identify?

Individual or organisation feedback (please tick one)

Q26. If you are providing feedback as an individual. Do you want your name published with your feedback?

Q27. Are you providing feedback:

Q28. Please state organisation name:

Share your views in person (optional)

Q29. Would you like to speak to your submission in person on 30 November 2021?

Q30. Please provide your phone number so we can contact you to arrange a time to speak to your submission.

Q31. Would you would like to be kept informed on the final strategy and future implementation work e.g. District Plan changes.

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